## ew Advertisements.

EAP PRINTING

AT THE

ar & Sentinel

OOK & JOB

RINTING OFFICE,

more St., Gettysburg, Pa.

recently added largely to our already larg

& Fancy Job Type,

ly prepared to accommodate our old cus
d all others who may favor us with their
in the best style of the art, at the shortest
d on the most reasonable terms.

ing of Every De-
scription,

EXCELLED

IN EXECUTION,

UNSURPASSED

IN STYLE, AND

UNRIVALLE

IN CHEAPNESS,

AT THE

R & SENTINEL,

hore St., Gettysburg, Pa.

PLAIN

AND

rnamental Printing,

rgest Posters to the smallest Cards.

ERCIAL PRINTING,

Such as

LDS, CARDS,

HECKS, DRAFTS,

ENVELOPES, LABELS,

BILLS,

TS & RECEIPT BOOKS,

NDBILLS, DODGERS, &c.,

ptly, in the best manner, and at the
very lowest prices.

AND PAMPHLET
PRINTING,

t orders, in as good style and at as
y office in the county.

y ask a trial by those desiring any-
, as

ANTEE SATISFACTION,

work and promptness in filling or-
ders.

MAIL PROMPTLY AT
TENDED TO.

GETTYSBURG

& SENTINEL

ADVERTISING MEDIUM
THIS COUNTY.

UBSCRIBERS comprises the busi-
mmunity. It circulates very ex-
the farmers, and is read by all
e largest circulation in Adams and



HARPER, McSHERRY & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.
*Baltimore st. between Court-house and Diamond,*
*Gettysburg, Pa.*

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal reduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year.—Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, will be neatly executed at short notice. TERMS CASH.


# The Star and Sentinel.


VOL. LXX. NO. 12 GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1870. WHOLE NO. 3600.


## Professional Cards, &c.

J. M. KRAUTH, Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house.
June 18, 1869—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, Attorney at Law, three doors west of BUEHLER'S drug store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to suits, Collections and settlement of estates, all legal business, and claims against Pensions, county, back-pay, and Damages against the United States, will have prompt and efficient attention.
Real Estate, well located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States.
June 18, 1869.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Kieffer's store, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence on the south-east corner of Centre Square.
May 29, 1867.

DR. H. S. HUBER,
*N. E. corner of Chambersburg and Washington street*
OPPOSITE COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL.
June 11 1869.—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the Compiler Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., *DENTIST*
Room in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Eagle Hotel,
GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.
☞Having been in constant practice over 20 years, patients can be assured of good work. [July 9.—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in York street, nearly opposite the Globe Inn, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist in a workmanlike manner. Terms reasonable.
July 30, 1869.—tf

DR. H. W. LeFEVRE
*Littlestown, Adams co., Pa.,*
HAVING permanently located in that place, will engage in the general practice of Medicine and Surgery. Office in Lombard street, near Baltimore street. [Aug. 20, 1869.—tf

## Sewing Machines.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
*LOCK-STITCH*
Family Sewing Machine.
OVER 450,000 NOW IN USE.
*EXAMINE IT BEFORE BUYING ANY OTHER.*
SOLD ON LEASE PLAN,
$10 PER MONTH.
PETERSON & CARPENTER, *General Agents.*
GENERAL OFFICE FOR ADAMS COUNTY, JACOBS BUILDING, CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
GETTYSBURG, PA.
Nov. 12, 1869.—6m

HOWE MACHINES!
THE LATEST IMPROVED & GENUINE
*ELIAS HOWE, JR.,*
SEWING MACHINES.
JACOB F. THOMAS, *Agent,*
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
N. E. corner of Centre Square, in the Store room of Samuel Weil.
ORDERS will be promptly attended to. Machines delivered to all parts of the county and instructions given gratis.
☞The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machine on account of the popularity of the Howe Machines. There are none GENUINE unless they have on their machine a medallion having the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, Jr., on it, &c. [Feb. 19—tf

GROVER & BAKER'S
FIRST PREMIUM
ELASTIC STITCH
FAMILY
SEWING MACHINES,
495 *Broadway, New York.*
730 *Chestnut street, Philadelphia.*

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE.

Beauty and Elasticity of Stitch.
Perfection and Simplicity of Machinery.
Using both threads directly from the spools.
No fastening of seam by hand and no waste of thread.
Wide range of application without change of adjustment.
The seam retains its beauty and firmness after washing and ironing.
Besides doing all kinds of work done by other Sewing Machines, these Machines execute the most beautiful and permanent Embroidery and ornamental work.

☞The Highest Premiums at all the fairs and exhibitions of the United States and Europe, have been awarded the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, and the work done by them, wherever exhibited in competition.

☞The very highest prize, THE CROSS OF THE LEGION OF HONOR, was conferred on the representatives of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines, at the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1867, thus attesting their great superiority over all other Sewing Machines.
☞For sale by D. W. ROBISON, Gettysburg.

## NOTICE.

THE undersigned having had 17 years' experience as a practical Operator on Sewing Machines would recommend the Grover & Baker Family Machine as the cheapest and best machine for family use. The simplicity of construction and elasticity of stitch made by these machines are two very important points in their favor. 250,000 of these machines are to-day bearing witness to the truth of our assertions and the demand is steadily increasing.
We have also Shuttle Machines on hand for Tailors and Coach-trimmers use. Call and see us.
D. W. ROBISON, Agent,
Chambersburg st., Gettysburg, Pa.
June 11, 1869.—1y

ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
WILL BUY A FIRST-CLASS
SEWING MACHINE
OR A GOLD WATCH.
As an evidence that this advertisement is no humbug, send for Circular, enclosing a three cent stamp for return postage. Address
J. B. GIBBS & CO,
45 University Place,
New York
Jan. 21, 1870.—3m

MINCE PIES!
AT WM. J. MARTIN'S, is the place to get the material for a good Mince Pie.
RAISINS,
CURRANTS,
PRUNES,
CITRONS,
CRANBERRIES
AND APPLES,
At MARTIN'S, Baltimore st
Nov. 12, 1869.—3m

THE STAR & SENTINEL has a larger circulation than all the papers in the County combined—hence it is the best advertising medium.

## Business Cards.

BLACKSMITHING.
B. G. HOLLEBAUGH
HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.
REPAIRING of all kinds. Give me a call.
April 30, 1869—tf

JEREMIAH CULP
*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*
Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,
is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms
*COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.*
He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he will sell at low cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.
*PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.*
☞York street—a few doors east of Lutheran Church
May 27, 1868—tf.

ROBERT D. ARMOR,
GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,
*East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house*
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
WILL promptly attend to all or ders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE
furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Tap and Frost Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.
Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of a kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.—

A SERVANT FOR ALL.
*Roth's Improvement for Opening, Closing and Latching Gates,*
MAY be attached to any gate and operated from a buggy, team or saddle, by one hand, in any desired direction from the gate—opened and closed from one point, at any distance from the gate. This improvement is simple and cheap, yet perfected and strong; will not be disarranged by the sagging of the gate, nor by the frost raising the posts; may be made at a country blacksmith's, and easily attached to a gate. The undersigned, having the Right for Adams county, will sell Township and Farm Rights of this improvement.
Also, ROTH & SHANE'S AMERICAN LEVER GATE—which will be found valuable and convenient to all who have gates to drive through—as they remain by their lean, open, close and latch a gate, without the necessity of getting in the wet or mud.
For further information, &c., address
ISRAEL BRICKER,
Monallen P. O., Adamsco., Pa.
May 13.—tf

NEW BUSINESS.
Upholstering & Trimming.
WILLIAM E. CULP
HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for
Covering Sofas, Chairs, Mattrasses, and Upholstering in all its branches.
He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate.
Gettysburg, Pa., Dec. 11.—tf

COOPERING!
PETER CULP
Has commenced the
COOPERING BUSINESS
in all its branches at his residence on the Mummasburg road, at the end of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa. The public can always have made to order all kinds and styles of
*MEAT VESSELS,*
*CROUT STANDS,*
*PICKEL STANDS,*
*TUBS,*
*FLOUR BARRELS.*
☞I also manufacture 5 and 10 gal. Kegs Cider Barrels. And all other kinds of Coopering. Repairing done cheaply and with despatch. Give us a call.
Aug. 13, 1869.—tf

Surveying—Conveyancing.
J. S. WITHEROW,
FAIRFIELD, PA.,
Tenders his services to the public as a
PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,
and is prepared to survey Farms, Lots, &c., on reasonable terms. Having taken out a Conveyancer's License, he will also attend to preparing
DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, LEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, OLEMKING AT SALES, &c.
Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable.—Post Office address, Fairfield, Adamsco., Pa.
Jan. 1, 1869.—tf

FURNITURE.
D. C. SHEAFFER
PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,
Is prepared to offer to the Public anything in his line as cheap as can be had in the county.
☞Purchasers will do well to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE
made to order. Repairing done neat cheap and with dispatch. Jan. 22, 1866—tf

CABBAGE SEED.
I HAVE grown and will send by mail the Seed of the following varieties of CABBAGE:
"STONE MASON"—remarkable sweet and tender variety, I have succeeded in raising this variety, to weigh from 15 to 22 pounds. Under favorable circumstances every plant will head.
Mammoth Drumhead
—equal in quality with the Stone mason. Under high culture heads attain to the weight of 40 lbs.
The Seed is put up in packages and sent to any address on the receipt of 50 cts. for one package, or 85 cts. for both varieties.
Directions for sowing, cultivation accompany each package. Several Specimens of the above vegetables were on exhibition at the last agricultural Fair in Gettysburg.
Address SOLOMON WEIDNER,
Rigler, Adams co., Pa.
Oct. 8.—tf

GRANITE-YARD,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
*ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.*
PETER BEITLER
Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—
Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,
ontract finished in every style desired, by best workmen.
☞Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
June 3.—tf

BARGAINS IN NEW FURNITURE.
A NUMBER of sets of COTTAGE FURNITURE, which has been sent by mistake to the Gettysburg Depot, will be sold at a bargain. Persons wishing to purchase Furniture will find it to their interest to call at the Depot (formerly occupied by Gen. A. Warner & Co., Old Junction Office.)
July 16.—tf
PROPRIETORS.

## Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, opposite the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 28, 1867.

OYSTER SALOON!
JOHN GRUEL
CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG,
*next door to Eagle Hotel,*
Announces to his friends that in addition to his CONFECTIONARY, he has opened an Oyster Saloon, where during the season he will keep constantly on hand
PRIME OYSTERS,
the best the market can afford, with special accommodations for
*LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.*
☞Give us a call.
Jan. 21, 1870.—tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.
THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,
*Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.*
All kinds of
CRACKERS, CAKES, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c
constantly baked and always to be had fresh.
With many years' experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can give satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.
BALTZER NEWPORT.
April 9, 1869—tf

STEAM SAW MILL.
THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL, at the South Mountain, near Graeffenburg Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of
WHITE OAK, PINE, HEMLOCK,
or any kind of Timber desired, at the shortest notice and at low rates. He also manufactures
SHINGLES, PAILINGS, &c.
LUMBER
delivered at any point at the LOWEST RATES. 3 per cent. will be deducted for the cash payments, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future.
All letters should be addressed to him at Graeffenburg P. O. Adams county, Pa.
HENRY MILTENBERGER.
Oct. 29, 1869.—tf

YOUNT'S COMPOUND
FOR THE CURE OF
PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA
or any other Inflammatory or hæmorrhagic disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER. This medicine has been tried in
THOUSANDS OF CASES,
in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give its trial, and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cure that it has effected are truly marvelous.
☞Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at nearly all the Stores in Adams county.
May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

## Carpenters and Contractors.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son,
*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*
Carpenters and Contractors.
Doors, Shutters, Blinds, Door and Window Frames, Cornice, Door & Window Brackets, &c.
Constantly on hand and manufactured to order o

BEST MATERIALS,
by experienced workmen, and at
REASONABLE PRICES.
☞Orders promptly attended to.
Jan. 15, 1869.—tf

GEO. C. CASHMAN,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenter and Contractor,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has removed to his new Shop on Stratton street between York and Railroad streets and is prepared to take contracts for putting up and repairing Buildings, at as reasonable rate any builder in Gettysburg—all work guaranteed to be of best quality. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit public patronage. Give me a call.
April 9, 1869.—tf

WM. CHRITZMAN,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenter and Contractor,
Having removed to my new Shop
*On Washington street, between Middle and Chambersburg streets,*
and introduced Steam Power, I am prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best order at, and as cheaply and cheaply as can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
☞Orders for all kinds of Brackets, Scrolls, Mouldings, &c., promptly filled and on reasonable terms.
April 19, 1869.—tf

## Butchering.

MEAT MARKET!
NEW FIRM!
GEORGE B. STOVER & THADDEUS S. WIBLE,
HAVING entered into partnership in the BUTCHERING BUSINESS, will carry it on in all its branches. All kinds of
Fresh Meat Every Day.
Meat every Tuesday and Saturday morning. Small meats every Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings.
Extra stand at Geo. B. Stover's residence on Chambersburg street, second Square.
Those having fat stock for sale will find it to their advantage to call on or address the new Firm.
STOVER & WIBLE.
Aug. 13, 1869—tf

West Middle Street Market
(NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE.)
Every Day in the Week,
SUNDAY EXCEPTED.
Fresh Beef three times a week, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday mornings. Lamb, Veal or Mutton
Saturday. Orders left at my market in the morning will be promptly delivered the following morning.
GEORGE A. CODORI.
June 18, 1869—tf

## Books, Drugs, Medicines.

DR. JAMES CRESS
DRUGGIST
*Store in Brant's Building, Balto. st.*
LITTLESTOWN.
HAVING opened a new DRUG STORE and fitted it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh Drugs to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of
*Drugs and Family Medicines, Pur*
*Liquors for Medicinal Purposes,*
*Patent Medicines, Horse*
*Powders,*
Pure Spices, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps and Fancy articles. A full assortment of Brushes, Stationery of all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.
☞Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap will wash with hard or soft water, cold or warm. Clothes washed with this Soap are made beautifully white without boiling or bluing. This is the best Soap in use. Try it. It is warranted not to injure the hands or fabric.
Littlestown, May 13.—1y JAMES CRESS.

69. JUNE 69.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Drugs & Family Medicines
PATENT MEDICINES,
LIQUORS AND WINES FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES,
PURE SPICES AND FLAVORING EXTRACTS
DYES AND DYE STUFFS,
SOAPS, PERFUMES AND TOILET GOODS,
INKS, WRITING FLUIDS AND STATIONERY,
PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS AND FAMILY RECIPES ACCURATELY PUT UP.
PHYSICIANS AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS SUPPLIED AT REDUCED RATES.
Forney's Horse Powders
the best and cheapest for Horses, Cattle and Swine.
Other Horse Powders of approved makes.
HUBER'S,
*Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.*
June 11, 1869.—tf

A. D. BUEHLER,
*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*
Has just received a large assortment of
BOOKS
FOR THE
HOLIDAYS,
Comprising English and American publications handsomely illustrated, suitable as Holiday Gifts for
OLD AND YOUNG.
Also, a large assortment of Miscellaneous Books by stand and authors, Stationery, Toilet Articles, Pen-knives, Gold Pens and Pencils, &c.
Dec. 3, 1869.—tf

DR. R. HORNER
has resumed the
Practice of Medicine.
Office at his
DRUG STORE,
IN CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG.
Also, Dealer in
PURE DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
SPICES,
BAKING SODA,
DYE STUFFS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
Jan. 14, 1870.—tf

## Livery Stables.

WEAVER & SON.
Livery, Sales & Exchange
STABLES,
*Washington st., Gettysburg, Penn.*
TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that they have better accommodations than ever to supply the public with all styles and kinds of Conveyances that can be found in a first class livery. Their Horses, Hacks, and Sleighs cannot be beat by any establishment in the town. In prices they defy competition.
Horses and Mules
bought and sold, on reasonable terms.
GIVE US A CALL.
Take Notice.
THE undersigned is desirous of closing up his old accounts, and would ask all those indebted to call and settle the same. The books cannot be kept open as heretofore, and all accounts standing are earnestly requested to call and square their accounts. NICHOLAS WEAVER.
Dec. 3, 1869.—tf

EAGLE LIVERY,
Sale & Exchange Stables,
*Opposite the Eagle Hotel, Chambersburg street,*
*GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.*
THE undersigned have opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE, in this place, and are prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. We have provided ourselves with
Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c.,
of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. Our horses are good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old scrips," but all of the "2 40" order.
Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.
Parties, large or small, can get just what the want on the most accommodating terms.
Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to and reliable drivers furnished if desired.
Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.
Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."
☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Barbecue Funerals; at short notice, and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please all who may favor us with their patronage.
PERRY G. HAFF,
WILLIAM D. HOLTZWORTH.
Dec. 25, 1869

## The Star and Sentinel.

### TRUE FRIENDS.

'Tis not when sunbeams brightly shine
And cloudless skies look blue;
When happiness and peace abound,
And troubles are but few;
'Tis not the time to know our friends—
The false ones from the true.

But when the sky is overcast,
And threatening clouds appear;
With thunder crushing o'er our heads,
And lighting flashing near;
The enemies press closely on,
To fill our hearts with fear.

'Tis then, when sadness clouds the brow,
And all around seems drear;
The false ones from our side will sneak—
The coming storm they fear.
Their craven hearts with terror view
The tempest drawing near.

And so, amid the darkest storm,
True friendship's love is tried;
As clings the ivy 'round the oak,
By us they will abide;
And neither storm nor enemies
Can force them from our side.

And when the storm is passed away,
The sky again is blue;
Then calmly we look around with pride,
To find our foes so few,
And think 'twas worth the storm to know
Our false friends from our true.

[From the Franklin Repository.

### A GREAT TRANSFORMATION.

HOW THE NEGROES LEGISLATE IN SOUTH CAROLINA—FIFTEEN BLACKS IN THE STATE SENATE—PARLIAMENTARY TACTICS—THE PERSONNEL OF THE HOUSE—THE ABLEST DISPUTANT AND PARLIAMENTARY LEADER.

Here the slave is now the master; the bondman is the lawgiver. Here has been fulfilled that singular prophecy ventured by Jefferson soon after his retirement from the Presidency. Speaking of the crime of slavery, he said, "that considering numbers, native and natural means only, a revolution of the wheel of fortune, an exchange of situation, is among possible events, and it may become probable by supernatural interference! The Almighty has no attribute which can take side with us in such a contest."

I walked leisurely along the broad streets of Columbia to the imposing, but still unfinished Capitol of South Carolina. The softest breezes of Northern spring-time greeted me, and the beautiful magnolia, mock-orange, firs and other evergreens seemed to proclaim perpetual summer."—The streets are crowded with motley groups of whites and blacks, and on the modest elevation that fixes the centre of the main avenue stands the point of attraction—the Capitol with the Legislature in session. I entered the vast rotunda, and passed on to the Legislative halls, to witness the deliberations of the novel Legislature of reconstructed South Carolina.

The Senate Hall, designed to echo the eloquence of the Hamptons, the Rhetts, the Hammonds, and other distinguished sons of chivalry, has been fitted up in modest elegance, and eighteen whites and fifteen negroes fill its chairs. As a body, it is but little below some Northern Senates I have seen, in point of intelligence, and among its members are able men of both races. Mr. Corbins, the President, is a very able lawyer and debator, and perhaps the commanding intellect of all the contributions from the North to the statesmanship of South Carolina. He is well appreciated, too, as he is Senator, U. S. District Attorney, and codifier of the laws, and fills all with credit. Senator Jillson, another son of New England, is a gentleman of culture, and is State Commissioner of Education, as well as legislator. Senator Leslie is an ex-New York Democrat and ex-Democratic legislator from Brooklyn. He is now a Republican Senator and State Land Commissioner. These doubly or trebly honored gentlemen are not singular, however.—There was a lack of white material when the wheels of government were put in motion, and it became an agreeable necessity for a number to accept multiplied offices. Mr. Moses, Speaker of the House, is Adjutant-General, and Mr. Nagle, Comptroller-General; Mr. Tomlinson, Auditor-General; Mr. Elliott, Assistant Adjutant General, and Mr. Stolbrand, Superintendent of the Penitentiary, are all commissioned State officers and members of the House.

### THE MOST NOTABLE NEGRO

in the Legislature is Senator Wright. He is a full blooded negro, of medium size, with a finely chiseled face, and a handsomely developed head. He came here with the certificate and seal of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, as an attorney-at-law. His features and form are fairly Caucasian in all save color, and he speaks fluently and forcibly. He is eminent for his integrity, and devotes himself intelligently and earnestly to the advancement of his race and State. On the right of the Chamber sits a tall, gaunt, full-blooded negro, black as midnight, with the regular Southern negro dialect, and the awkward gait of a field-hand. He is Senator Nash, the representative of the Capitol District, and the successor to Wade Hampton. He is quite intelligent, although entirely uneducated, and was in olden times, the best hotel porter in Columbia. Senator Cain sits near the centre isle, and boasts of no discount on his African blood. He is a tolerable debater, and an ardent preacher of the Methodist persuasion. A little in front of him sits Senator Swails, a light quadroon, and a hasty graduate of the country free-schools of the Cumberland Valley. He is doubtless remembered by many of the citizens of Chambersburg. He writes a beautiful hand, and speaks quite intelligently.

The hour of noon is indicated by the plain mahogany circular clock above the door, and the Senate is called to order. A very plain, jet-black, white-cheekered man stepped up on the Speaker's stand, and called the Senators to their devotions. A more simple, beautiful and appropriate prayer I have never heard than Chaplain Adams for his dubilous flock and stricken Commonwealth. Routined legislation followed, and I turned to take a look at the popular branch of the Legislature. It sits in the spacious Library room of the new Capitol, temporarily appropriated to the purpose, and a large gallery is usually crowded with negroes, watching with intense interest the maiden efforts of their representative brethren as law-makers.—Speaker Moses is in the chair, and he presides with great dignity and ability.—He is an Israelite, and an enthusiast.—From an extreme rebel he has transformed himself into an extreme Republican. As a staff officer of Gov. Pickens, he was accorded the honor of hoisting the Confederate flag over Fort Sumter when Anderson surrendered, and now he presides over the first Republican Legislature. His father was a rebel commissioner to persuade North Carolina to join in secession, and now he enfranchises the Republican laws, in hearty sympathy as Chief Justice of the State.

The Speaker vacated the chair, and a stout, finely-formed negro took his place and presided very gracefully. He is Mr. Whipper, of Charleston, a Michigan waif, that came with the war and lodged when the army was disbanded. His face is round, full, and well drawn. If covered with a white skin and flaxen hair, his features would be called more than ordinarily good. He is the Patrick Henry of the House as an orator; but his want of culture mars the beauty of his sentences. He is a lawyer, and aspires to the vacant seat on the Supreme Bench, as does Senator Wright. Mr. Elliott, a Massachusetts negro of full blood, is perhaps

### THE ABLEST DISPUTANT AND PARLIAMENTARY LEADER

on the colored side of the House. I saw him lead in a desperate struggle of two days, in support of a bill that was fought desperately by filibustering, and he managed it with great skill until he covered his efforts with success. Captain Small, the hero of the "Planter" during the war, is also a member. He is a very dark, burly mulatto, and his face indicates considerable intelligence and great decision of purpose.—Purvis is a neat, slender mulatto, and hails from Philadelphia, where his father is well known as one of the most successful financial princes of his race. The son is the negro Beau Brummel of the House—dresses very tastefully, and parts his soft waving hair in the middle. He is an active and influential member, and speaks well. De Large is a dumpy little quadroon, a fluent but not very forcible talker, and has a passion for the floor. He was a steward in the rebel navy during the war. Cook, of Greenville, is a very genteel mulatto, and a quiet but efficient member. He is the son of his former master, and long struggled to free himself from bondage. He saved fifteen hundred dollars, by six-pences and shillings earned after labor hours, and offered it in vain for his liberty. Finally rebellion brought emancipation, and his savings gave him a comfortable home.

The House is nearly two-thirds negroes, who were once slaves, and every possible shade is to be found. There are half a dozen members who would readily pass for pure whites, but they were South Carolina slaves only a few years ago. Mr. Tomlinson, a Philadelphia Quaker, and an offshoot of the Bureau, is the ablest white man on the floor, and one of the most vigilant and faithful members in either branch. Close to him sit Gen. Dennis and Mr. Jenks, two of the able political leaders of the House. In the front row is the patriarch of the Legislature—an old native white preacher, his head bleached by the frosts of more than seventy winters. On each side of the Speaker sits a bright mulatto clerk, and close by is Mr. Ecker, the reporter. In the gallery sits the first negro in South Carolina, with his sprightly quadroon wife by his side. Mr. Cardozo, the Secretary of State, is a robust full faced mulatto, and everything about him indicates the highest culture. His father and master was an officer of the customs in Charleston, and gave him a complete education in Scotland. He was regularly ordained as a minister, and was pastor of a New England congregation for some years before the war. Gen. Howard has urged him to accept a professorship in the Lincoln University, but he wisely prefers to serve his long oppressed race in South Carolina. He is highly respected by all classes, and exerts a most salutary influence in all matters pertaining to the interests of the blacks. It be desired to fill the Executive chair of his State, or a seat in Congress, either would be conceded to him without a serious struggle; but for the present he is content to continue as Secretary of State. It is not improbable, however, that on the 4th of March, 1871, Mr. Cardozo, once the slave of South Carolina, may appear at the bar of the United States Senate to qualify as the representative of the chivalry in the first legislative tribunal of the nation.
A. K. MCCLURE.
COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 12, 1870.

Not so Now.—Many years ago, when Judge Robbert M. Charlton, of Savannah, Georgia was quite a young man, he, in company with his father, Hon. T. U. P. Charlton spent every summer in the delightful little village of Clarksville, Northeast Georgia.

One day Robert was passing along the street in Clarksville, and it happened to be election day, (Members of Congress were then elected by what was called the general ticket system and not by districts as they now are,) when he was met by a verdant Democrat of the mountains, who accosted him thus:

"Mr. Charlton, are you the man that is running for Congress?"

"No, sir! I am no candidate—my father is, however. But may I ask why this inquiry?"

"Nothing, only I haven't voted yit."

"If it is consistent with your feelings I would like it, if you would vote for my father."

"I would just as soon vote for him as anybody."

Mr. C. thanked him, and thinking, perhaps, his friend was seeking a treat, invited him into a neighboring bar-room.

"What will you take?"

"I never drink anything, but I see they have some ginger cakes. I would as lief take one of them with you as not."

"Very well. Give us a cake."

"My brother is in town with me,"

"All right, take him a cake with my respects." Another cake was purchased and paid for, and the two friends parted—"Greely" to find his brother, and Mr. C. to join in the mercy dance with his young friends in a parlor hard by. "The golden hours on angel's wings" passed rapidly away with Mr. Charlton. His friend was soon forgotten late in the afternoon, when there was a pause in the dance, our verdant friend very much to the surprise of every one, stalked into the parlor, inquring for Mr. C. Of course all eyes were directed to our friend as he approached Mr. C. drawing from his bosom a four by six inch cake, he said: "Mr. Charlton here's your cake.—My brother had voted afore I seed him."

Mr. C's embarrassment was not greater than his admiration of the fellow's honesty.

NEW YORK TRAGEDY.—Early on Saturday evening a well-known thief and desperado, named John Reynolds, in a half intoxicated condition entered the grocery of William Townsend, Hudson street, New York, and said he would remain there that night. Townsend said he could not, and after some words proceeded to put him out, when Reynolds drew a long shoe knife, which he had stolen from a neighboring shop only a few minutes before, and stabbed him twice, the blade entering through the lower ventricle of the heart the second time, causing almost instant death. A little daughter gave the alarm, and two officers hurried to the place and took the assassin into custody, after a desperate struggle on his part, and took him to the station house, followed by an excited crowd, who loudly threatened to seize the prisoner and hang him to the nearest lamp-post. The prisoner gave his age as 29 years, said he was a thief by occupation, and had no residence.

### THE GOLD CONSPIRACY.

#### The "Black Friday" of September—Revelations of Fisk and Gould.

It is pretty generally known that a committee of investigation are now examining witnesses as to what is popularly termed the "Gold Conspiracy" at New York, in September last, when the currency price of gold was rapidly advanced from about 135, to 165, to the great prejudice of legitimate business and to the scandal of the Government. Whether the committee will be able to draw out enough of tangible facts in this business to apply an efficient correction in the future, it is perhaps, too soon to venture a prediction; but it is certain that it has uncovered, in the testimony of Mr. James Fisk, Jr., as the same has been rendered and given to the public by Washington correspondents, material for a huge volume of fun scarcely surpassed by anything in English literature. It is native, audacious, and probably truthful; at any rate, it gives a connected and logical explanation of the Wall street doings in gold that culminated on that fatal "black Friday" in September last. It is well known that Gould, Fisk, Corbin, and perhaps, U. S. Assistant Treasurer Butterfield, played a prominent part in the business, but until the time, when Gould and Fisk were before the Investigating Committee, the plot and especial roles of the several parties were not very clearly defined. Gould was first called before the committee, and endured interrogations for four hours, and Fisk entertained it for two hours in a manner unparalleled. Gould does not say much about his testimony, but in less than three hours after he left the Capitol Fisk had told his story to a room full of reporters. It was subsequently written out from short-hand notes, and is racy reading. The two men are represented the opposites of each other, almost as unlike as two men can possibly be. Gould is said to be quiet in manner and reticent in speech, while Fisk is noisy and pushing and garrulous to the last degree. Gould gave his evidence with caution and precision. Fisk was profane and oratorical and "high falutin." Gould deliberated on every answer he made, and went no further than necessity required. Fisk poured out a torrent of words, and was no more to be checked than Niagara in its flow. Gould gave no extraneous information, but Fisk, in the language of a graphic correspondent, "slopped over." There was business in the room while Gould sat in the witness chair. The two hours of Fisk were broad farce or roaring comedy from end to end. His story is racy to read, but the flavor of his action and gesticulation is wanting. It is reported that he was very anxious to be present during the examination of Gould, but the Committee, of course, did not allow this. "I have never been separated from Gould before," he exclaimed, in high tragic manner, to the committee. When Gould reads the story told by his adjutant there is a chance for an explosion. These two worthies had a theory, or thought they had, and it was that the crops coming from the West (over their line, of course,) ought to go abroad, but would not do so if gold was low. They profess to believe that they acted as public benefactors in throwing up the price, and to this end one or two of the New York journals lent the aid of their editorial columns, publishing articles written by one of the conspirators. They tried every possible way to get the President to commit himself to, or at least act on, their theory. They report scraps of chance conversation with him, and tell what means they used to reach him through friends and relatives. Fisk speaks of Corbin as "an old thief," and photographs his character in a sentence: "When he reaches his hand to the shelf he cleans off everything there is on it." Corbin made them believe, or at least they say he made them believe, that he spoke for the President, but Gould, in reply to a direct question, now answers that he does not know a thing in any way whatever connecting the President or any member of his family with the conspiracy. Fisk's style can be seen in one of his answers. When asked what had become of a certain twenty-five thousand dollars placed to Mrs. Grant's credit, he replied: "It's gone where the woodbine twineth." He was Bombastes Furioso from beginning to end, and the letter-writers say he kept the committee in a fever of suppressed laughter. They began on Gould with a large number of carefully prepared questions. With Fisk they could do nothing but allow him to go on his way and manner till he got through. Gould gave them some information out of which they hope to make points against other members of the ring. Fisk could not speak of poor Speyers as a Dutch Jew or a German Jew, but staggered the committee by calling him "that Saxonian Roman of the coming hand." Gould made no pretence, attracted no attention, and, indeed, bore

# The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, Feb. 11, 1870.

**Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being send weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.**


THE Ways and Means Committee of Congress are stated to favor a reduction of the income tax to three per cent., and an exemption of salaries of two thousand dollars or less.

HON. T. H. HOAG member of Congress from Ohio, died at Washington, on Saturday, of pneumonia. He was elected a Democrat from the 10th district, beating Hon. J. M. Ashley by 912 majority.

ON our first page will be found an interesting letter from South Carolina, written by Col. A. K. McClure.—Wright, the colored member of the Legislature of whom he speaks, has since been elected a Justice of the Supreme Court of that State, receiving the votes of all the Democratic members! What say our Adams county Democrats to that?

ON Monday the President nominated Hon. Wm. Strong, of Pennsylvania, and Hon. Joseph P. Bradly, of New Jersey, to the vacancies on the Supreme Bench. Judge Strong will be confirmed, but there may be trouble as to Bradley, the same objection applying to him that was urged against Mr. Hoar—that the vacancy should be filled from the South.

THE House of Representatives, week before last, *unanimously* passed a resolution declaring the claimants from Georgia *not* entitled to seats in that body—thus affirming the action of Mr. McPHERSON, the Clerk of the House, who refused to insert their names upon the roll of the House in March last. For this act, he was denounced, in some quarters, very violently, and, as it proves, very ignorantly, since the late action of the House was without dissent on either side.

THE subject of a change in the naturalization laws is being considered by the Judiciary Committees at Washington, to prevent, if possible, the wholesale frauds which for some years have been practiced at elections in New York, Philadelphia, and other places. Among the propositions favored by some members is the appointment of United States inspectors of elections to act with the local officers. Another proposition is that naturalization shall not give the right of suffrage until at least six months after the issue of the papers.

THE argument before the Supreme Court, in the case of Dr. Schoeppe, commenced on Tuesday. Dr. Schoeppe is represented by Wm. H. Miller, Esq., Judge Hepburn, and H. Northrup. Attorney General Brewster, District Attorney McLaughlin, and W. J. Shearer, Esq., represent the Commonwealth. It is now pretty definitely settled that Schoeppe is identical with the Berlin criminal, but this will not affect the legal aspect of the case now before the Supreme Court. The only question to be determined is, whether there was legal proof of the crime of murder.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Philadelphia *Press*, writing from Harrisburg, furnishes the following copy of a letter written by the late Thaddeus Stevens, in which the great Commoner alludes to certain reports affecting his religious belief. Anything relating to Thaddeus Stevens will always have peculiar interest to the people of America, while the evidences of his faith in God and religion cannot fail to be gratifying to those who defend him from the shafts of slander essaying to prove that he lived and died an infidel:

JANUARY 23, 1867.

DEAR SIR: I received your letter. I am LOT surprised, nor much moved, at any scandal you have heard, publicly or privately uttered about myself. I do not usually contradict them. To your personal suggestion, however, I willingly reply.

All the statements which you said were made are false, as the author well knew, if he had any knowledge on the subject.

I have always been a firm believer in the Bible, and he is a fool who disbelieves the existence of a God, as you say is charged on me. I also believe in the existence of a Hell for the especial benefit of this slanderer.

I have said that I never deny any charges, however gross. I make an exception when my religious belief is brought in question. I make no pretension to piety (the more pity), but I would not be thought an infidel. I was raised a Baptist, and adhere to their belief.

THADDEUS STEVENS.

J. T. KEAGY, Esq.

### THE COUNTY FINANCES.

In to-day's issue our readers will find the annual Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the County. We are frank to admit that in some respects it is a more satisfactory exhibit than we have had for some years, being more in detail. Still, there are some portions of it on which more light would be desirable—a consolidation of items, which makes it impossible to say what is covered up under the figures. Take for instances the "Court Expenses," where $5,507 are disposed of in six items thus consolidated. We have $9,006.41 given as "notes and interest paid sundry persons," and so with other items. In view of the enormous expenditures of the County, and the rapidly accumulating debt, there is a general desire to know exactly where the money goes. Besides, there exists a wide spread impression than under the figures presented in these annual statements are concealed items about which it is not desirable the public should know anything. The Commissioners could readily explain everything by a full and detailed exhibit of the items which make up the gross amounts. The concealment of the startling character of the County Debt, until a quarrel among the retainers of the Commissioner's office brought it to light, is not calculated to allay these suspicions.

For the first time we have a statement of the County Debt. The "loans from Bank and sundry persons" is given as $46,998.45, to which should be added $4,859.62, the amount due the County Treasurer on settlement—making a total of $53,350.07. The outstanding taxes amount to $14,586.94, which, however, will be decreased by fees and exonerations.

Another fact is developed by this exhibit. While the entire assessments for last year amounted to $30,879.59, the expenditures, including collectors' fees, exonerations and Treasurer's fees, was $46,289.14—being an excess of $15,-013.85.

In the present temper of the public mind, this Account will be closely [illegible]

## FROM HARRISBURG.

The House, on Friday, passed the Metropolitan Police Bill as it came from the Senate, by a strict party vote, yeas 57, nays 38. It names five Commissioners, Mayor Fox being one, who are to have the entire control of the Police of the city, their appointment, discharge, salaries, &c. The Philadelphia Republican papers, while advocating the general features of the Bill, object to the persons named as Commissioners, as not being representative men. The present Police system of Philadelphia is worse than a burlesque, being purely partisan and largely made up of shoulder-hitters and bruisers, who figure as repeaters and ballot-box stuffers at elections. To secure an independent, efficient Police in the large cities, where vice abounds and its representatives constitute a power in political action, the Police Commissioners should be men above suspicion—independent themselves—and with a tenure of office not dependent on the will of the mob. Their appointment by the Governor, or better still by the Judiciary, would be an improvement.

The Senate on Friday passed a bill allowing husband and wife to testify in divorce cases. The Senate Committee reported favorably the bill relating to interest—fixing 7 per cent. as the rate of interest, and legalizing 10 per cent. by special contract.

The Finance Committee of the Senate have had State Treasurer Mackey before them during the past week. He stated that when he took possession of the office, on the 1st of May last, about $1,100,000 came into his hands from his predecessor. A portion of this amount he deposited with a number of banks at Philadelphia, Pittsburg and Harrisburg. To the question whether he had received any compensation directly or indirectly for allowing the money of the Commonwealth to remain on deposit in these banks, he declined to answer. He however denied having used the money of the State for speculating or for his own private purposes. The examination will be continued, and Messrs. Irwin, Kemble, Moore and McGrath, ex-State Treasurers, have been summoned to appear before the Committee.

A number of petitions have been presented asking for the passage of a law to submit the question of license or no license to the qualified voters of each township, and that the courts shall be governed in the matter by the decision thus made. A bill with these provisions has been introduced into the House and acted upon favorably in committee.

THE United States Senate on Thursday rejected the nomination of Attorney General Hoar to be an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court by the vote of 24 in favor and 33 against it. The objections to his confirmation partly grew out of the fact that he was nominated to fill a vacancy in a Southern district, although a resident of Massachusetts, and partly out of some legal opinions under the reconstruction act not acceptable to Republican Senators. Mr. Hoar will remain in the Cabinet.

In the House Mr. Butler offered a bill admitting Mississippi to representation upon the same conditions as were imposed upon Virginia, which was adopted—yeas 124, nays 56; a resolution to admit the State without conditions being previously defeated by a vote of 98 to 85. The Senate will no doubt pass the bill, and thus complete the work of restoration so far as concerns Mississippi.

In the Senate, on Monday, Mr. Edmunds, from the Committee on Pensions, reported unfavorably upon the proposition to pay pensions to the surviving soldiers of the war of 1812, stating that it would not be justifible in the present condition of the National finances.

The House bill for taking the census of 1870 was called up, and Mr. Conkling spoke in opposition to it, contending that the census could be most efficiently and cheaply taken under the bill of 1850. Mr. Sumner defended the system proposed in the new bill, and pending the debate the Senate adjourned. On Wednesday the House bill was laid on the table, yeas 46, nays 9. This would indicate that the census will be taken under the old law, by the U. States Marshals.

In the House of Representatives Mr. Marshall's preamble and resolution in favor of free trade and in opposition to a tariff for any other purpose that to pay the debt and provide for the common welfare and defence of the country, were laid on the table by a vote of 90 to 77.

THE Senate Committee have reported favorably on Gen. Sickles' nomination as Minister to Spain.

The House Committee on Elections have reported in favor of Mr. Covode, from the Westmoreland district of this State. Foster was returned as elected, but Covode proved enough fraudulent votes to oust him. The House, on Wednesday, awarded the seat to Mr. Covode, yeas 118 nays 45.

The House will probably remedy the sweeping character of the bill to repeal the Franking Privilege, which recently passed that body, by additional legislation. On Tuesday Mr. Schofield, of this State, offered a bill to except from the operations of the bill the circulation of weekly newspapers within the counties where published; and Mr. Getz, of the Berks district, a bill to allow all newspapers and periodicals published within the United States to be transmitted through the mails free of postage when sent from the office of publication to actual and regular subscribers. Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, also introduced a bill to exempt from postage all exchanges between publishers, and all papers circulating in the State or Territory where published, or within one hundred miles of the place of publication. The House bill to repeal the Franklin Privilege hangs fire in the Senate, and will probably be amended so as to embrace the substance of these propositions.

A resolution passed the House on Tuesday for the payment of the balance of one year's salary for War Secretary to the family of the late Mr. Rawlins.

THE Supreme Court of the United States, on Monday, announced their expected decision in the legal tender cases. Chief Justice Chase read the opinion of the Court to the effect that the statute making Treasury notes a legal-tender for private debts could not be made constitutionally applicable to debts contracted before the passage of the act, or, in other words, that all debts contracted prior to the passage of the Legal-tender act must be paid in gold, and parties could not take advantage of that act to cause obligations made prior to it in greenbacks. It is also intimated it is the opinion that the issuing of legal-tenders was a war necessity, and the war having now terminated, it was the duty of the Government to retire them as fast as possible, and no necessity existed for issuing any more. Justice Miller dissenting from the opinion of the Court, and Justice Grier not participating in the decision, the vote stood 4 to 3. Justice Grier, however, has since announced his concurrence with the majority of the Court, and the decision is therefore 5 to 3.

JUDGE TRUMBULL, of Illinois, has prepared a bill which he will press in the Senate, making it a penal offence for members of Congress to recommend persons for office. It is designed to prevent the pressure of office frequently annoying and embarrassing to members, and to prevent the abuses growing out of the present system.—While the law vests the appointing power in the President and Heads of Department, practically it rests with members of Congress, applications being referred to them, who often use the power selfishly, to strengthen themselves at home, and thereby impose on the Government inefficient officers. A number of Senators and members favor Judge Trumbull's bill, but it is not likely to pass. Although the power thus exercised by Congressmen may frequently be abused, it is not likely a majority will be willing to divest themselves of a prerogative which strengthens them with local politicians. Besides, there must very frequently be some responsible party to whom the Departments may refer the rival claims of applicants for office—some one personally acquainted with applicants and their endorsers—and there seems to be a necessity for the use in this way of members of Congress. On the other hand, if a Congressman demands the appointment of an incompetent or objectionable man, the Department, when apprised thereof, should discard the demand.

CUDGEL argument—"the holy text of pike and gun"—was freely used in olden time to decide religious differences. In these "latter days," a resort to it has not been so common. Recently, however, its application, in a somewhat rare form, took place in Louisville, Kentucky. It seems a man named Price was elected deacon of a church contrary to the wishes of his mother. She determined to displace him. Persuasion falling, she repaired to the church on Sunday, and whilst in the performance of his official duties, laid hold of him and administered an effectual cowhiding. The "noise and confusion" that ensued was superlatively intense. The young man next day lodged a complaint against his belligerent maternal parent before a Justice, who held her in the sum of $300 to keep the peace, and to abstain from the exciting pastime of cowhiding for a period of six months. She entered the necessary recognizance, but declares that her perverse son "must leave them parts till he's larned some sense."

AT the recent Editorial Convention at Harrisburg, Mr. Hughes, the colored editor of the *"Progress of Liberty,"* was admitted to full membership. A number of leading Democratic journalists took part in the Convention but made no objection to his admission.

FRED. DOUGLASS and Rev. SELA MARTIN (both colored) have started a new weekly paper at Washington, to be specially devoted to the interests of the colored people. In view of the enfranchisement of the colored race, under the 15th Amendment, the new journal will have commanding influence. Fred Douglas has a national reputation. Rev Mr. Martin is an eloquent preacher and resigns the pastorship of his church in Washington to enter on his editorial duties. It is said that Genl. Grant subscribed $500 to the new enterprise.

HARDLY have the echoes of the late repudiation speeches in Congress died away, before we are greeted, says the Washington *Chronicle*, with the official announcement from the Treasury Department that the public debt of the United States has decreased in one month nearly $4,000,000, and this is in spite of Democratic assurances that we can never cancel the National obligation. There is potent logic in the events of the past eleven months.—Notwithstanding the carping of the repudiators, the National debt, under the manipulation of our able Secretary of the Treasury, has steadily decreased, and at this moment is *nearly one hundred millions less than on the glad day for the country when President Grant assumed the helm of the Ship of State.* And this is not all, but merely an item resulting from the change of a corrupt and inefficient Administration, to one full of honest vigor and zealous care for the nation's weal.

THE State Temperance Convention met at Harrisburg on Tuesday. The principal subject of discussion was the advisability of forming a distinct political party. The proposition was defeated by a decided vote.

LOVERS OF JERSEY LIGHTNING.—The Newark *Advertiser* mentions a new society at Scotch Plains, N. J. The call for the meeting reads: "Whereas, certain evildisposed persons are introducing innovations on our ancient customs and privileges as free born American citizens, especially as regards our right to drink when and what we please; *Resolved*, That we, as lovers of freedom, fun, love and devility, do hereby organize ourselves into a society to be known as the 'Young Men's Drinking Association of Scotch Plains, &c., &c." These young men are determined that Jersey lightning shall strike where it has a chance.

THE Winterset (Iowa) *Star* says that not long since two brothers named Kelso, living in Pottawattamie county, each married, one the father of three children, and the other of two, concluded that they had made a mistake in selecting their spouses. After a free consultation, and on agreement of all parties, they decided to trade wives. They did so. The proposer of the "trade" moved to Missouri, taking his brother's wife with him, and the other yet remains in Iowa with the other woman.

TEXAS SAVAGES.—A San Antonio paper speaking of the frontier says there says: The country seems to have been turned over to the savages; they ride through small settlements with the air of independence and ease which marks the man who feels himself free from danger. Women and children are carried into a horrid captivity; horses driven off in droves before the eyes of the owner, and beeves and other property appropriated, and in many cases carried beyond the Rio Grande.

ISAAC GREENWALL, an American, was brutally assassinated in the streets of Havana on Sunday morning by a Spaniard. At the same time two of his companions, Henry K. Foster and Hugh Johnson, were wounded. The sole cause for the cowardly murder was in the fact that the men wore blue ribbon at their necks—that being the Cuban color. The wounded men received further indignities and injuries at the hands of the mob. Havana despatches say the criminals will be executed—if the authorities find them.

THE Virginia Legislature met on Tuesday, and Governor Walker submitted his message. He speaks in favor of universal amnesty, impartial suffrage, the building up of the State's material interests, and congratulates the members upon the restoration to the Union. The Democratic members of the Missouri Legislature have concluded to adopt the Republican programme for [illegible]

## GENERAL NEWS.

SAN FRANCISCO was shaken up by a small earthquake last Friday.

THE New Jersey Senate has rejected the Fifteenth Amendment—18 to 8.

DIRECT telegraphic communication now exists between London and India.

GOVERNOR WASHBURN, of Vermont, died in Woodstock on Tuesday.

GENERAL SIGEL positively declines to accept the Assessorship of one of the New York Districts.

MR. Cumback, of Indiana, recently appointed Minister to Portugal, has, it is said, declined to accept the office.

IN the Iowa Legislature there are twelve soldiers in the Senate and twenty-seven in the House.

A BILL is before Congress to reduce the salary of the members to $3,000 per annum.

HORACE BINNY, jr., and George M. Wharton, both prominent members of the Philadelphia Bar, died last week.

IN reply to a delegation on Tuesday, the President said he should not interfere with General Terry in Georgia, his conduct so far being entirely satisfactory.

MRS. Admiral Dahlgren, Mrs. General Sherman and a number of other ladies are opposed to female suffrage, and have started a movement in opposition thereto.

A PROCLAMATION announcing the ratification of the treaty with China, negotiated by Mr. Burlingame, was issued by the President on Saturday.

BRIGHT, wife of Terrence Moley, was burned to death at Sandwich, Mass., on Tuesday, by her clothes taking fire while she was intoxicated. Her husband has been missing since the occurrence.

WHISKY frauds to the extent of two million dollars are alleged to have been committed by A. Stevens, an ex revenue officer, and a number of business men in New York. Stevens has been arrested.

ON Saturday a butcher of Baltimore, named Louis Eal, was arrested for selling unsound meat. He had been retailing meat which a number of butchers declared to be unfit for any purpose whatever.

CLEVELAND denies that any of its citizens sent a dog to Washington as a present to the President. Some scoundrel in Washington took a pup to the White House and tried to raise $10 by express charges, but, happily, miserably failed.

DESPATCHES from Europe announce that there has recently been an increased demand in London for American securities, both Federal and State. M. Paradot, the celebrated author, has been appointed Minister from France to the United States.

A DEMOCRAT in the Kansas House of Representatives, while the fifteenth amendment was under discussion, said: "While I belong to the Democratic party, I also belong to the present age." To prove his words, he voted for the amendment.

THE fashionables of Washington are absorbed in arrangements for crowding the largest possible number of entertainments into the next three weeks, at the end of which period the advent of the Lent season precludes festivities.

The Postmaster General reports that in the month of January there was sent from the Washington Postoffice over two hundred and thirty-seven thousand franked letters, at the cost of about $15 000, and one hundred and fifty tons of printed matter, at a cost of $83,000.

THE remains of Mr. George Peabody found a final resting place at the town of Peabody, or Danvers, Massachusetts, on Tuesday. Prince Arthur, Admiral Farragut and other notabilities were present, and the funeral oration was delivered by Hon. R. C. Winthrop.

THE proprietors of a distillery at Milford, Ohio, not having enough stock in their pens to drink the slop, turned it into the Miami. Forthwith the sober inhabitants of the beautiful river were seized with a desire to go on one grand "bender." By the time the fluid reached Plainville the whole river presented a scene of the wildest revelry among the fish. Bass, salmon and white perch vied with each other in all kinds of ridiculous gymnastics. They appeared in shoals upon the top of the water, swam to the shore and jumped upon the dry land, and in their drunken spree imitated the performances of a higher order of animals. A wagon load was caught while they were in this tipsy condition and sold in the market.

A BILL, making it a penal offence for a witness to abscond with intent to defeat the ends of justice, has been favorably reported to the State Senate. Legislation in this direction has long been demanded for the highest public good. A witness absenting himself with such intent, practically becomes an accomplice of the accused. It has become fashionable, in many localities, to put the Commonwealth out of Court by bribing witnesses in its behalf to get out of the jurisdiction of the Court.

THE Funding bill reported to the Senate on Thursday by Mr. Sherman from the Committee on Finance, proposes to issue new consolidated bonds, for the redemption of the public debt, the first series of which shall bear interest at five per cent. per annum, and be redeemed at the pleasure of the Government after ten years, but payable in twenty years; the second series at four and a half per cent. to be issued when the first are taken, shall run thirty years; and the third and last series to run forty years at four per cent. The loan is to be limited to $400,000,000, and, to make an immediate market for the new bonds, all national currency is to be secured by the deposit of them in the Treasury.

IS DECAPITATION IMMEDIATE DEATH?—This question, so often discussed, has been suggested anew by the guillotining of Traupmann in Paris. A French savant, Dr. Pinel, in a letter upon it, takes the ground that the trunk retains life after the head is separated from it for a long period, though it ceases to have any consciousness as soon as it is emptied of blood. The head, he says, on the other hand, both lives and thinks; sometimes one hour, sometimes two, and even three. The brain remains palpitured, and continues its functions until it is incumbibled by loss of blood and of the nervous fluid. It sees, hears and smells, and must therefore suffer the most cruel agonies. For this reason he denounces the guillotine as altogether too cruel a punishment even for the most atrocious murderer.

HAYTI must be a pleasant place to live in. Since the establishment of Haytien independence in 1804 there have been nearly a score of revolutions, with a like number of *rulers, now called 'Presidents'* and now called "Emperors," nearly all of whom have come to an untimely end. The first "Emperor" after the overthrow of French power was Dessalines; he was assassinated. Then came the Government of Christophe, who caused himself to be crowned King; he committed suicide. Then came Petion, after a long and sanguinary struggle which brushed out his life. Then came the Presidency of Boyer, who finally perished in exile. Then came the administration of Guerier, Pierrot and Riche. Then came the administration of Voisinet, who escaped execution only to end his life as an exile. Then came the respectable Presidency of Geffrard, who was soon exiled to Jamaica, where he now resides. Then came the semi-savage Presidency of Salnave, who has just been executed. And now comes the fierce Sagot, who is quite sure to be assassinated, or to be exiled, or to commit suicide, within a half-a-dozen years of [illegible]

## FROM EUROPE.

LONDON, February 7.—The Indo European Telegraph Company has just completed their line from London direct to India. This line is composed of land wire and cables, and runs *via* Berlin, Warsaw, Odessa, Teheran, Persia, through the Persian Gulf and Indian Ocean to Bombay, Madras, Calcutta, &c. Messages will be taken from all stations in the United States after the 15th inst.

PARIS, February 7.—The *Marseillaise*, Rochefort's journal, appears this morning with a characteristic article, over Rochefort's own signature, relative to the recent notice served upon him, ordering him to constitute himself a prisoner in obedience to the sentence of the Court. He declares boldly that he will not surrender himself, and if the Ministry want him they must come and take him, and, furthermore, they must come prepared to use force.

PARIS, February 7.—In the Corps Legislatif to-day Cremieux rose and said he desired to question the Ministers concerning the Rochefort affair. Ollivier replied that he would not await the result of the interpellation, but would do his duty. Cremieux rejoined that it was precisely as to what the Ministers considered their duty that he sought to inquire, and the Chamber would decide that this be answered at once. He then proceeded to make a strong appeal against the arrest of Rochefort as a wrong to his constituents. Ollivier replied, and after an agitated discussion the Chamber by a vote of 119 to 45 adhered to the view of Ollivier.

ROME, February 7.—The Œcumenical Council will soon deliberate on the opportuneness of the discussion of the dogma of Papal infallibility.

PARIS, February 8—Noon.—Rochefort was arrested last night as he was on the point of entering a political meeting in Rue de Flandre, running from Belleville to La Villette. As soon as the arrest was made known to the crowd the wildest scenes occurred. The meeting broke up in disorder, and the crowd, under the leadership of Flourens, proceeded to barricade the streets. The district lying between Rue Faubourg du Temple and the fortifications at La Villette, a distance of about two miles, was in possession of the rioters. At 11 o'clock a body of police charged the barricade in Rue de Faubourg du Temple, and attempted to carry it, but was repulsed. One of the Commissaries was dangerously wounded and one policeman killed. At others places barricades had also been erected, but they were not defended. The military are now out in force, but thus far have made no use of their firearms, although the insurgents have. At three o'clock this morning over three hundred persons had been taken into custody and imprisoned in the barracks. Many of them were mere boys, all armed, and most of them under the influence of liquor.

PARIS, February 8—10 P. M.—At noon to day tranquillity had been restored in all the districts where the disturbance arose last night, and up to this hour the city has remained quiet.

PARIS, February 9—3. A. M.—Disorders broke out again at Belleville and in Rue de Faubourg du Temple at midnight. Several additional barricades had been erected in narrow streets. Troops are still in the neighborhood of the scene, but up to this hour have not fired on the rioters. The police are active, and there are rumors of Killed and wounded on Boulevard Montmartre, running from Rue Monmatre to Rue Richelieu, the police having made several charges on the position of the rioters there. This point is fully a mile and a half distant from the scene of the disturbances of yesterday.

THE *Marseillaise* did not appear today. All its editors are under arrest for aiding the rioters. One of the editors of the *Rappel* was arrested for the same offence.

The Ministers remained at the headquarters of the police all night. The city is now tranquil.

## COLORED PEOPLE AND THE SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS.

The Washington *New Era* publishes a gratifying statement, showing the thrift of the colored people throughout the country. The statement we refer to is taken form the report of the Freedman's National Savings Bank in the city of Washington, and its various branches throughout the country. We learn that the total deposits for the month ending December 31, 1869, reached $737,737.39; total amount of drafts, $633,543.02; net gain for the month, $104,-394.37, being a gain over the corresponding month of 1868 of $2,900.96. The investments of the company on the 31st of December included $89.926 in Five-twenties of 1867, $51,682 in Five twenties of 1865, and $1,625.09 of Five-twenties of 1864, $881,562 in currency, with bonds in pledge, cash at branches, cash at First National Bank, in safe at banking house in Charles ton, banking house at Beaufort, S. C., banking house at Tallahassee, Fla., and real estate in Washington—amounting in all to $1,555,428.56. The business of the month of January has been nearly equal to that of December, so that the assets of the company are over $1,600,000. "Everywhere," says the report, "we have applications for new branches. A branch has been established at Atlanta, Ga., and deposits for the first two days were about $2,000 by the colored people. A new branch in Philadelphia is progressing rapidly. The business of the new branch in Savannah for the first eighteen days of January showed that one hundred and eight new depositors had been added to the register, being an advance of fifty-eight over last year. The amount of deposits thus far in the month gives an excess of $4,000 over last year. The total amount of 1869 exceeded $85,000. The branch at Norfolk, Virginia, shows the gratifying fact that the greater portion of the depositors are colored people. The total deposits since 1865, when the bank opened, is $524,455. Very great responsibilities are devolved upon the managers of this important institution. They hold in trust not only the money but the character of the freedmen, and everything depends upon their wise and careful administration.

MRS. SUSAN CRAWFORD, of Saugerties, N. Y., has sued Mrs. Christine Russell, of the same place, for services rendered the latter in the matter of a husband. The plaintiff claims that she procured a husband, reputed to be worth $400,000, for the defendant, upon the promise of the latter that, when the knot should be tied, she, the bride, would pay to plaintiff $2,000 in cash; item, a piano; item, in addition, educate plaintiff's child. Defendant got the husband, and basely forgot to make the compensation agreed upon. The defendant in this novel suit is past seventy, and ought to be old enough to pay her debts without going into court. It is a little curious that the contract was in writing, and its fulfillment made to depend upon the death of the husband during the defendant's life. She now pleads the statute of limitations.

THE resignation of Associate Justice Grier of the Supreme Court, which has been accepted by the President, took effect on the 1st instant. Chief Justice Chase and all the Justices of the Court called on Judge Grier, at his residence, last Monday, to bid him "good-bye," on the occasion of his voluntary retirement from the Bench and from public life.

THE Republicans of Maryland are actively organizing in view of the adoption of the Fifteenth Amendment. At Annapolis on Friday evening, a meeting was held which was attended by over three hundred white [illegible]

## NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CARROLL.—Wm. Wardenfelt, a young man of excellent character, was killed while felling a tree, five miles from Westminster, on the 31st ult. He was caught by the falling tree and so severely injured that he died in five minutes.

CUMBERLAND.—The dwelling of John Fahnestock, Newville, was entered by burglars one night last week and robbed of clothing and money to the amount of $20. —The barn of Peter Spahr, Carlisle, with contents, was burned on the 29th ult., loss $900, with $500 insurance.—Henry Dottarer has been appointed Postmaster at White House, vice E. J. Myers resigned.

FRANKLIN.—J. A. Kline, of Chambersburg, a brakesman on the Cumberland Valley Railroad, last week fell from the train and has his left arm so badly mashed as to render amputation close to the shoulder necessary.—The Commissioners of Franklin county have trouble in getting a Clerk, there being ten aspirants for the place. They balloted all day Tuesday without making a choice.—Two Mormon emissaries, Levi Thornton and Bishop Hess, are operating in the neighborhood of Tonatown, and have made about a dozen converts.

YORK.—John R. Green has been appointed Postmaster at Dallastown, vice A. F. Geisey resigned.

WHILE we have been enjoying weather the like of which in mildness the oldest "inhabitant" can scarcely remember, the Northwest has been suffering unparalleled cold—the temperature at Fort Abercrombie, Minnesota, being on the 16th ult. 45 degrees below zero. And yet the Saint Paul *Daily Press* designates such weather merely as "one of the coldest days known for several years." On that fearful day travellers on the prairies were frozen to death within half an hour's walk of a place of shelter, sinking in the snow utterly unable to proceed farther. Edw. Powers, a discharged soldier, in company with James Downey, started in the morning to go from Twin Lakes to Fort Abercrombie, and, when they were within two miles of the fort, Powers lay down in the snow, and Downey went on to obtain help. He was overcome by the cold just as he arrived at the fort and sank insensible. He remained so for two hours, and then told about his companion. A company of men started out to relieve Powers, but found him frozen to death. Several other instances of the same nature occurred; one man being left by his companion on the night of the 23d, and being found dead in the morning. It can scarcely be doubted that other and more terrible particulars are yet to reach us from the prairies. Perhaps before long weather as rigorous may visit us, although we have so long escaped.

J. J. WHITE, the colored man, just elected Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of South Carolina, was born in Pennsylvania, graduated at the Lancasterian University in New York, studied law for two years at Montrose, Pennsylvania, and was the first colored man admitted to the bar in that State. In 1865 he went South, and was made legal adviser of the South Carolina freedmen. He was a delegate to the Reconstruction Convention, and was afterwards elected to the State Senate.

THE British Parliament convened on Tuesday, and the address of Queen Victoria was read. It speaks of the nation being at peace with all the world, and intimates a reduction of Governmental expenditures. An effort is to be made for a settlement of the Irish land grievances. The bill to consolidate with the United States upon the subject of naturalization of citizens will be presented, but no other reference to relations with this country is made.

THE inauguration of Kit Burns' rat-pit in New York, as the Water Street Mission, took place on Tuesday, Bishop James, Rev. Mr. Tyng, Jr., and others, delivered addresses. Burns still runs the liquor saloon next door, through which the ministers are obliged to pass to reach the Mission House.


## GETTYSB'G BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

*(See Advertisements)*

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

R. G. McCreary, York street, in residence.
D. McConaughy, Chambersburg st. in residence.
J. M. Krauth, Baltimore st., second square.
D. Wills, on Public Square, in residence.
A. J. Cover, corner of Chambersburg street.
D. A. Buehler, Baltimore street, in residence.

BARBER.

J. W. Tipton, Chambersburg street, first square.

BAKER.

Bolitzer Newport corner Washington & Middle sts.

BOOT & SHOEMAKERS.

D. Kitzmiller & Bro., York st. opposite Bank.
J. J. Ringo, Chambersburg st., near Public Square.
John M. Kellie, Carlisle street, near Railroad Depot

BLACKSMITHING.

W. G. Hollebaugh, Washington Street.

BUTCHERING.

Stover & Wible, Chambersburg Street
Jno. A. Coulter, West Middle Street.

CONFECTIONS, TOYS, &c.

John Gruel, Chambersburg street, near Eagle Hotel.

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Wm. C. Stallemith & Son, York street, first square.
Wm. Christman, Washington st., near Chambersburg
Geo. C. Cashman, Stratton street, near Railroad.

CIGARS, TOBACCO, &c.

Perry J. Tate, Chambersburg street.
Danner & Ziegler, Middle street, near Baltimore.
W. K. Gallagher, East Middle st. second square

CLOTHING.

S. C. Cohean & Cunningham, Baltimore street.
T. Cunningham, Baltimore street, first square.
C. O. Hoffman, Baltimore st. corner of Diamond.
Samuel Wolf, corner of York and Public Square.

COAL, LUMBER, LIME, &c.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets
Jacob Reilly, corner of Carlisle and Railroad.

DENTIST.

Dr. J. E. Berkstresser, York street, first square.
J. L. Hill, Chambersburg street, opposite Eagle Hote

DRUGGISTS.

A. D. Buehler, Chambersburg st., near Public Square
Hubers, Baltimore street, first square.
S. Horner, Chamb'g st., second door from Christ's Church.

DRY GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers, cor. of Balto. and Middle sts.
J. L. Schick, cor. Baltimore and Public Square.
Robert S. Elliot, Balto. street, in the Court-House.
H. B. Wonde, cor. of Diamond and York street.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSES.

Bigham & Brother, Washington and Railroad.
John Cress, cor. Stratton and Railroad.
Jos. Wible & Sons, cor. Washington and Railroad,
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle Street.

GRANITE YARD.

Peter Beitler, Railroad, East of Stratton street.

GAS FITTER.

R. D. Armor, East Middle street.

GROCERIES, &c.

J. W. Cress, cor. Chambersburg street and Public Square
W. o. Boyer & Son, York st., opposite National Bank.
W. o. Meals, York st., second square.
Wm. Wible & Son, cor. Washington and High streets.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. Baltimore and Middle sts.
Jacob Cashman & Co., cor. Washington and Railroad streets
McCurdy, Carlisle st.
Gilt-epite, York st., first square.
H. Keefer, Baltimore street, near the Court-house.
Amos Eckert, York street, first square.

FURNITURE ROOMS.

Warner & Co., E. E. corner of Diamond.

GUNSMITHS.

Danner & Ziegler, Baltimore street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, corner Balto. and Middle sts.

HARNESS, &c.

D. McCreary & Son, York st., opposite Pres. Church.
John Culp, Carlisle Street, near passenger depot.

HATS, CAPS, SHOES, &c.

S. S. McCreary, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, cor. of York st., and Public Square
T. J. Morris, South West corner of Diamond.
H. C. Oyster, 3 doors East of Baltimore street.
H. B. Woods, cor. of Diamond and York street.

HOTELS.

Eagle Hotel J. L. Tate, proprietor, corner Chambersburg and Washington.
Keystone House, W. H. Myers, proprietor, Chambersburg street, opposite Court House.

LIVERY STABLES.

M. Weaver & Son, Washington st., north of Chambersburg street.
P. J. Tate & Bro., Chambersburg street, opposite the Eagle Hotel.

MARBLE YARDS.

J. M. Cannon, corner of Baltimore and Middle streets
Meals & Brother, York st., east of Stratton.

PROPRIETARIES.

Tipton & Myers, York street, opposite National Bank
Snyder & Peasy, Baltimore street, first square.

PHYSICIAN.

J. W. O. O'Neal, Baltimore street, near High
H. S. Huber, cor. Chambersburg & Washington sts.
S. Owen Harper, Chambersburg st., first square.

PRINTING OFFICE.

*Star & Sentinel*, Baltimore st. midway between the Court House and Public Square, west side.

STOVES, TINWARE, &c.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad.

SPICE.

Washington Bierkower, E. S corner of Diamond.

TAILOR.

J. Jacobs, Chambersburg Street, first square.
Wm. F. King, York street, opposite Bank.

TEMPERANCE & BEER SALOON.

Peter Diehl, York street, near Eagle Hotel.

WATCHMAKER.

Wm. B. Odly, Washington street, near Eagle Hotel
Wm. F. McCurdy, Middle street, first square.



DEATH OF DR. LIVINGSTONE.—A cable dispatches dated London, Feb. 2, says that a letter has just been received there from Capt. Cochrane of the Royal Navy, commanding the Petrel, stationed on the African coast. He reports that Dr. David Livingstone, the celebrated African traveler, had been burned as a wizard by a chief in the interior of Africa. It is to be hoped that this news, as in the former case, is incorrect.

## Special Notices.

WM. BLAIR & SON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS,

are supplying storekeepers with everything in their line, in large and small quantities, at prices that will afford good profits. Coal Oil down in price, three cents per gallon. Everything wanted by hucksters attending sale on hand, at low prices. A nice article of Honey, mild cheap. Our stock of Queensware, Glassware, Table Cutlery, and House Furnishing Goods is full, and complete, and will be sold, Wholesale and retail, at prices quite low. Fish and Salt on hand, at all times. [Feb 4

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS.

For Store Fronts, Asylums &c; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters, Landscape Wires for Windows, &c; Paper makers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Everything in the manufactures. Address WILLIAM WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North 4th st., Philadelphia. [Feb. 11, 1870.-1y

$2,000 A YEAR AND EXPENSES

To agents to sell the celebrated WILSON SEWING MACHINES. The best machine in the world. *Stitch alike on both sides.* Use Machine WITHOUT MONEY. For further particulars, address 28 N. 9th St., Philad'a, Pa. Feb. 11—3m

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

Is the only infallible Hair Preparation for RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR AND PROMOTING ITS GROWTH.

*IT IS THE CHEAPEST PREPARATION EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC, AS ONE BOTTLE WILL LAST LONGER AND ACCOMPLISH MORE THAN THREE BOTTLES OF ANY OTHER PREPARATION.*

Our Renewer is not a Dye: it will not stain the skin as others.

It will keep the Hair from falling out.

It Cleanses the Scalp, and makes the Hair SOFT, LUSTROUS AND SILKEN.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

R. P. HALL & Co., Nashua, N. H.,

# The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, Feb. 13, 1870.


☞ Letters Patent have been issued by the United States to Messrs. S. W. Yount, P. P. Reister, A. L. Keeports and Wm. Yount, of Littlestown, for a new Curtain Holder.

SALE NOTES.—We have printed a new series of neat Sale Notes, with and without waivers of Exemption—also Judgment notes, with and without waivers.—Furnished in any quantity, and if desired can be bound.

ELECTED.—At a meeting of the Philadelphia Numismatic and Antiquarian Society, held in that city on the 3d inst., Prof. M. L. Stoever, of Gettysburg, was, unanimously elected a corresponding member.

NEARLY A FIRE.—On Monday night, about 9 o'clock, the roof of the dwelling of Mrs. Snyder, on Baltimore street, opposite Snyder's hotel, took fire from a stove-pipe passing through the roof. The fire was extinguished by several neighbors, before essential damage was done.

☞ At a recent term of the Dauphin County Court, John McPherson, Esq., nephew of Hon. Edward McPherson, was admitted to the Bar. He is a young man of talents, and his examination is spoken of in flattering terms by the Harrisburg papers.

SALES.—David S. Schaffer sold his farm in Straban township, to Mr. Clover, of Cumberland county—about 100 acres, with improvements, at $6,900.

At the sale of real estate of Abel T. Wright, deceased, late of Bendersville, on the 29th ult., the Store House and lot was bought by Jonas Rouanzahn, at $545.

Mr. Samuel Herbst has sold his new Brick Dwelling on Chambersburg street to Col. F. B. Picking, of East Berlin, taking in exchange the property of Mr. Picking on Baltimore street, now occupied by Mr. Francis Cunningham, and $2800 cash.

RE-OPENED.—The repairs to the Reformed church in this place being completed, the church was opened for regular services on the 30th ult. The whole interior has been renovated, with new carpet, improved heating arrangement, and sundry improvements in the Lecture Room and Infant School Department, all of which will promote the comfort and convenience of the Congregation. Rev. Mr. Deatrich, the Pastor, took advantage of the occasion to read an interesting sketch of the history of the church from its organization to this date.

BARN BURNT.—On the afternoon of the 1st inst., the barn of John Harner, in Mountjoy township, near the Maryland line, was destroyed by fire, with two horses, a calf, about 100 bushels of wheat, an [illegible] quantity of rye, oats, clover seed, hay, gears, farming implements, &c. Loss about $2,200. Mr. Harner was from home at the time, and several horses were got out of the barn by his wife. It is said the fire was occasioned by a little son of Mr. Harner, aged 7 years, thoughtless striking a match and firing a straw stack in front of the barn.

INSTALLATION.—On Monday night last, the following persons were installed as officers of "Gen. Reynolds Lodge No. 189, I. O. Good Templars," in this place, for the ensuing term:—J. T. Gladhill, P. W. C. T.; J. A. Koser, W. C. T.; Miss Mary J. McCreary, W. V. T.; D. T. Koser, W. S.; Miss A. C. Powers, W. A. S.; A. W. Fleming, W. T.; W. H. Tipton, W. F. S.; Miss Julia Weygandt, W. C.; T. W. S. Fluharty, W. M.; Miss Sue A. Tipton, W. D. M.; J. Nevin Frey, I. G.; James H. Fleming, O. S.; Miss Carrie Young, W. R. S.; Miss Jennie Powers, W. L. S.

PREMIUMS.—Charles W. Griest, of York Springs district, took seven Premiums at the last State Agricultural Fair, viz:—$20 for the best 5 acres of Corn, yield per acre 87 4-100 bushels; $10 for the best single acre of Corn, yield 89 52-100 bushels.; $15 for the best 5 acres of Oats, yield per acre 72½ bushels; $10 for the best acre of Oats, yield 82½ bushels; $20 for the best acre of Potatoes, yield 289 bushels; $10 for the best half acre of Potatoes, yield 170 bushels; and $10 for best half acre of clover seed.

☞ A copy the "*The Homestead Journal*," being No. 6 of vol. I, has been laid on our table. It is a neatly printed 12 page octavo, printed in Philadelphia, and issued in the interest of the National Orphans' Homestead at Gettysburg. The number before us contains biographical sketches of the children at the Homestead. The new building at the Homestead is completed, and the institution is free from debt. The contributions to the erection of the buildings and the support of the orphans have come mainly from Sabbath Schools, over 700 schools, in 18 States, being share-holders. From the start in 1866, there has not occurred a single case of protracted sickness, although the orphans number over 100.

SNOW STORM.—On last Tuesday we were visited by the heaviest snow storm of the season. It commenced snowing on Monday night and continued steadily until Tuesday evening. The snow lies now to the depth of about 13 inches, and as we write the merry jingle of the sleigh-bells indicates a good sleighing. The railroad tracks were temporarily blockaded—the mail due at 12½ reaching us at 10 P. M., and the Philadelphia mail due at 6½ P. M. coming to hand next day at noon.

Printers don't usually have time or means to go sleighing. Yesterday our clever friend, Dr. Weaver—who evidently sympathizes with Editors in the exacting demands of office duty— drove up to our sanctum with a fine team and sleigh, and a cordial invitation for a sleigh-ride; but the printer's "devil" was just then most inopportunely calling for more "copy" and as usual we had to forego the ride. Thanks to Dr. Weaver, nevertheless.

A LECTURE.—Members of the Pulpit and the Pew," is the subject of a lecture by Rev. E. B. Raffensperger of Toledo, Ohio, (recently of Chambersburg.) The press of the different cities and towns in which this lecture has been delivered are unanimous in their commendations. Our citizens may expect a highly entertaining and profitable lecture. The notices of the press represent the lecture as amusing without being trifling, and edifying without being prosy.

At Marion, Ohio, the Rev. gentlemen was introduced to the audience as the Ohio Chaplain who during the late unpleasantness offered a premium of a Bible to every army mule team for weeks without swearing.

The *Philadelphia Inquirer* says, after the lecture was delivered there, "so delighted was the audience with the reverend speaker this time that on the next morning a committee waited upon and requested a repetition of the lecture."

The Lecture will be delivered in Agricultural Hall, on Tuesday Evening next, the 15th inst., at 7½ o'clock. The proceeds for the benefit of the Presbyterian church of this place. Admission 35 cents; children under 12 years 20 cents.

☞ Read S. G. Cook's Advertisement and learn where to buy Cooking Stoves, Tin-Ware, &c., at reduced prices.

☞ For Throat Diseases and Affections of the chest, "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or cough lozenges, are of great value. In Coughs, Irritation of the Throat caused by cold, or Unusual Exertion of the vocal organs, in speaking in public or singing, they produce the most beneficial results. The Troches have proved their efficacy. It

COURT DOINGS.—The only additional case tried in Common Pleas last week was the case of the School Directors of Cumberland township vs. Lewis A. Bushman. It grows out of the Bounty difficulties in that township. Mr. Bushman was one of the Committee appointed to fill the quota of the township, and at Harrisburg secured the services of Philadelphia party to put in a number of substitutes at a fixed price, which was done, and he paid over the money. Subsequently it was discovered that five less than the requisite number were put in, some of the papers being forged, and the township lost the credit of the five men. The School Board subsequently brought suit against the parties who received the money, secured judgment, but failing to make the money, concluded to make it out of Bushman. The latter defended on the ground that he acted *bona fide* as the representative of the School Board, and that the latter had endorsed his action by entering suit against the really guilty parties. The amount in dispute was $2600 and interest. The case was not concluded until Monday evening, when the Jury returned a verdict for the Defendant. This and the case of Mause & Swope vs. Coahun occupied the entire attention of the Court last week, all the other cases going over.

All the applications for License were granted except that of Jacob Stock, Gettysburg, and Tobias Kauffman, Franklin, which, by reason of remonstrances, were held over for the August Court.

☞ Dr. Stage's Catarrh Remedy is no Patent Medicine humbug gotten up to dupe the ignorant and credulous, nor is it represented as being "composed of rare and precious substances brought from the four corners of the earth, carried seven times across the Great Desert of Sahara on the backs of fourteen camels, and brought across the Atlantic Ocean on two ships." It is a simple, mild, soothing, pleasant Remedy—a perfect specific for Chronic Nasal Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," and kindred diseases. R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., offers a reward of $500 for a case of Catarrh that he cannot cure.

For sale by most druggists everywhere. Sent by mail, post paid, for sixty cents. Address the proprietor as above. 1t

CITY FOLKS AND COUNTY FOLKS.—The broad distinction which used to exist between city people and their country friends, seems to be fast passing away.—Our improved modes of communication have brought city and country so near together, that the people have become more and more like one another in almost every respect. Especially is this true in the matter of dress. You can rarely tell a countryman now by the clothes he wears. For so easily can he, either by going or sending, obtain his clothing of Wanamaker & Brown, and at as low prices withal, that he can be as well dressed as though he lived in the city.

CABBAGE SEED.—If you wish to raise the largest and best Cabbage ever grown send your orders for seed to S. Weidner, as advertised in another column. Feb. 4–2t

ATTENTION FARMERS.—Try the celebrated Patent Elastic Rubber lined Collars, Saddles and Pads. Warranted to prevent horses from galling and to heal up under work horses already galled, if properly fitted; and sore necks and backs are kept clean with cold water and Castile Soap, or nopsy. For sale by J. W. Cress, manufacturer's Agent, Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 10-tf

WINTER COMING.—Winter is coming, and Corban & Cuningham have made arrangements to make the wants of he public by their large assortment of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, for Fall and Winter wear, for Men and Boys—also, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c., which they are selling very low. tf

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—To make room for Spring goods, Capt. NORRIS will sell everything in his line at LESS THAN COST.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| OVER-COATS worth | $15 for | $12 |
| " " | 12 " | 9 |
| " " | 10 " | 7 |
| " " | 8 " | 5 |
| DRESS COATS worth | $15 for | $10 |
| " " | 12 " | 8 |
| " " | 10 " | 7 |
| SACK COATS worth | $12 for | $9 |
| " " | 10 " | 7 |
| " " | 8 " | 6 |
| " " | 6 " | 4 50 |
| HATS worth | $6 00 for | $3 00 |
| " " | 3 50 " | 2 75 |
| " " | 3 00 " | 2 25 |
| " " | 2 50 " | 2 00 |
| " " | 2 00 " | 1 50 |

and all kinds of Clothing, Pants, Vests, Under-wear, &c., at the same reduction.—Norris is determined to reduce his stock before Spring-trade opens. So, if you want Bargains don't fail to call at Arnold's old corner, Centre Square, next door to 1st National Bank. Jan. 21.–tf

BIERBOWER'S SEGARS have become noted for their high flavor, and every body who knows anything about good Tobacco has got in the habit of going direct to his establishment in the northeast corner of the diamond—*fully* assured that they can get just what they want, the very *best Segars*, made of prime tobacco, highly-flavored, and what is better still sold at prices *that can't be beat in or out of the city*. Strangers can't mistake the place. "*Punch*" always stands at the door, good humoredly inviting the passer-by to enter and enjoy the good things to be found there —Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco of the best brand, Merchaums, Pipes, &c.

CANADA is fairly groaning under a load of silver. Too much hard cash is bringing ruin upon her merchants, upon her farmers, upon her laborers. Silver is at a fearful discount. The shop-keeper who takes in forty or fifty dollars a day cannot deposit it in bank without submitting to a shave of many per cent. Relief is prayed for, and it seems is about to come in the shape of a fractional currency. From our standpoint the Canadian disease is a curiosity, second only to the New York "relapsing fever."

## Review of the Markets.

**Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.**
*Baltimore, Thursday Morning.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| SUPER FLOUR, | 4 50 | @ | 4 87 |
| EXTRA FLOUR, | 5 12 | @ | 5 25 |
| WHITE WHEAT, | 000 | @ | 000 |
| RED WHEAT, | 1 90 | @ | 1 40 |
| CORN, | 80 | @ | 98 |
| RYE, | 95 | @ | 1 00 |
| OATS, | 52 | @ | 53 |
| TIMOTHY-SEED, | 4 50 | @ | 4 75 |
| CLOVER-SEED, | 8 25 | @ | 8 56 |
| FLAX-SEED, | 2 15 | @ | 2 20 |
| BACON, SHOULDERS, | 10½ | @ | 11 |
| " SIDES, | 13½ | @ | 14 |
| " HAMS, | 00 | @ | 00 |
| LARD, | 15½ | @ | 16½ |
| GOLD, New York, | | 1 | 20½ |

**Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.**
*Gettysburg, Friday Morning.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| SUPER FLOUR, | | | 4 00 |
| EXTRA FLOUR, | | | 4 50 |
| WHITE WHEAT, | 1 25 | @ | 1 50 |
| RED WHEAT, | 1 00 | @ | 1 00 |
| CORN, | | | 70 |
| RYE, | | | 80 |
| OATS, | | | 40 |
| BUCKWHEAT, | | | 75 |
| TIMOTHY SEED, | | | 3 25 |
| CLOVER SEED, | | | 7 50 |
| POTATOES, | | 35 @ | 40 |
| BUTTER, | | | 25 |
| LARD, | | | 16 |
| EGGS, | | | 18 |
| BACON, HAMS, | | | 16 |
| " SIDES, | | | 13 |
| " SHOULDERS, | | | 12 |
| TALLOW, | | | 6 |


## New Advertisements.

FURNITURE.

JOSEPH WALTON & CO.,

CABINET-MAKERS,

*No. 413 Walnut St., Philadelphia.*

OUR establishment is one of the oldest in Philadelphia, and from long experience and superior facilities we are prepared to furnish good work at reasonable prices.

We manufacture fine furniture, and also medium-priced furniture of superior quality. A large stock of furniture always on hand. Goods made to order.

Counters, Desk work and Office Furniture for Banks, Offices and Stores, made to order.

Jos. Walton. J. W. Lippincott. Jos. L. Scott. Feb. 11, 1870–1y

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereafter mentioned will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Adams county for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, the 8th day of MARCH next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

1. The account of John Gribble and Wilson Smith, Administrators of the estate of Hannah Bowers, deceased.

2. The first account of Jacob Forney, Executor of Frederick Forney, deceased.

3. The first and final account of John Heisel, Administrator of Jacob Heisel, deceased.

4. The first and final account of Ruth M. Wright and Jane F. Wright, Executors of Joel Wright, decd.

5. The first account of Samuel Miller and Leonard Malone, Executors of the will of Benjamin Matson, deceased.

10. The account of Harriet Gulden and Jeremiah Gulden, Executors of the Estate of Daniel Gulden, late of Straban township, Adams county, dec'd.

SAMUEL A. SWOPE, Register.

Feb. 11, 1870.—td

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

The undersigned, Assignee of Franklin D. Duncan and Wife, will sell at Public Sale, on *Saturday, the 26th day of February inst.*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

A LOT OF GROUND,

situate in the borough of Gettysburg, on the extension of Carlisle street, adjoining lands of Pennsylvania College, Samuel Danner, Samuel Weaver, a new two-story BRICK HOUSE and brick Backbuilding. Also, outstanding Tax Exonerations.

12 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, adjoining the above, suitable for Building Lots. Also, a quantity of Wood, Sand, Lumber, Coal Stove, &c.

Attendance will be given and terms made known by Stuart W. Humphrey, Assignee.

John Caldwell, Auctioneer.

Feb. 11, 1870.—ts Feb. 4–2t

PUBLIC SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

The undersigned, intending to remove, will sell at Public Sale, on *Friday, the 4th day of March next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at his residence in Straban township, Adams county, Pa., on the State road, 1½ miles from Gettysburg, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

3 HORSES, one of them a mare with foal, 1 Yearling Colt, 3 young Cows, 1 Bull, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Buggy Harness, 2 pairs of Butt Chains, Log Chains, Halter Chains, 1 Carriage 1 two-horse Wagon, 1 three and four horse Wagon and bed, 1 pair of Hay Carriages, 1 Cutting Box, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Harrow, 1 Corn Plow, 1 Shovel Plow, 1 Corn Fork, Plow, Spreaders, single and double Trees, Rakes and Forks, Grain and Hay Ladders. At the same time he will offer about 15½ Acres of Grain in the ground. 2 Grindstones, also, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, consisting of 1 Bedstead and Bedding, Wood Chest, 2 Chests, 1 Patent Washing Machine, 2 Safe Rack, &c., &c. Years 2 Store Boxes, about 20 Milk Crocks, and a good many other articles too numerous to mention.

Attendance will be given and terms made known by J. B. JACOBS.

John Stallsmith, Auctioneer.

Feb. 11—ts

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, on *Saturday, the 26th day of March next*, at his residence in Highland township, Adams county, 2½ miles from Fairfield, and 5½ miles from Gettysburg, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

TWO BAY MARE HORSES, 1 rising 4 years old, both of which will work well wherever hitched, 2 young Cows, 3 head of Milch Cows, 1 Bull, 2 Heifers, 1 four-horse Broad tread Wagon, 1 new Hay Carriage, Winnowing Mill, Patent cutting Box, two-horse Plow, 2 single shovel Plows, 2 new double Shovel Plows 2 new Corn Forks, Harrow, new two-horse Sleighs and Spread, single and double Trees, 2 pairs of Spreaders, hockey sticks, Fifth Log, Break and Jaw Chains, 2 pairs of new Breechbands, 2 sets of Front Gears, 4 Housings, Saw and Saw-horse Lines, Wagon Saddle, Whip, Bridles, Collars, Halters, pung Hooks, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Jack Hoister, 2 new Wheelbarrows, and other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

John B. Weikert.

Jacob Mickley, Auctioneer.

Feb. 11, 1870.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE.

The undersigned, Executors of the estate of Peter Cobbert, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on *Thursday, the 10th day of March*, 1870, at the residence of said deceased, in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., one mile east of Cashtown, the following Personal Property, viz:

4 HEAD OF GOOD WORK HORSES, two of them good leaders, 2 good Milch Cows, 2 Heifers, 1 six-horse broad tread Wagon, 1 four-horse broad tread Wagon, 1 Lumber wagon, 1 Ice-horse wagon, 1 Sleigh and 3 strings of Bells, 1 Reaper, 2 sets of Single Harness, 1 grain Drill, 1 Winnowing mill, 1 Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Cutting Box, 1 three-horse Plough, 2 two-horse Ploughs, 2 Harrows, single and Double Shovel Ploughs, Corn Forks, 2 sets of Breechbands, 4 sets of Front Gears, Collars and Hames, Saddle, Halters and Cow Chains, 2 Log Chains, Butt Chains, 3 Spreaders, single, double and treble Trees, 3 Digging Irons, Grindstone, Wheelbarrow, Cross-cut Saw, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Matlocks, Hay Carriage, Jack Screw, side Saddle, Cutting Box, Sough Log Chain, Ring Chain, Butt and Breast Chains, Also, HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, such as Tables, Chairs, Bureaus, Corner Cupboards, Looking Glasses, Queen's Ware, Parlor Stove, lot of stove Pipe, lot of Carpeting, Tinware, Queensware, Earthenware, Meat Vessels, Boxes, Cider Barrels, Barrels for pickling, Apple Mills, Apple Parer, Churn, Spinning Wheel, Wool Wheel, Iron Kettle, Coffee Mill, Sausage Cutter and Stuffer, Fat Press, Pot racks, Churns, &c., and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

Also, FOUR TRACTS OF MOUNTAIN LAND of good Timber, in Franklin township, Adams county, viz:

LOT No. 1 containing 9¼ Acres, adjoining lands of John F. Bair, George Throne, and others.

LOT No. 2 containing 10 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 1 and George Throne.

LOT No. 3 containing 5 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 2 and George Throne.

LOT No. 4 containing 5 Acres, adjoining Lot No. 3, George Throne and Heirs of Henry Hartman, deceased.

☞ Persons wishing to view the above Mountain Lots will please call on the undersigned, on *Saturday, the 5th day of March*, 1870.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

Catharine Comfort, } Executors.
Elias Stover, }

Jacob Mickley, Auctioneer. [Feb. 11—ts

VALUABLE PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE

*On Wednesday, the 2d day of March next*, the undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of Elizabeth S. Beyer, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, that DESIRABLE PROPERTY, VALKERSDORF, situate within the borough limits of Gettysburg, on the commanding ridge immediately west of town, where the Fairfield road crosses it. The property embraces 9 Acres and 132 Perches of Land, about 8 Acres in a beautiful grove of white oaks, chestnuts, and the balance cleared. A spacious BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, two stories, having 12 apartments, and also a large hall; a Brick Kitchen and other outbuildings; a BLACKSMITH SHOP, with 2 forges, erected for SCHOOL purposes, for which it is admirably adapted, and also, a Frame Barn, with manure and hog cellars, on the premises. Large Vegetable, fruit and flower Gardens, and an excellent orchard, add no little to the value of the property. The ridge embraces every variety that can be found in this section, which in large is hardly an end to the flowers and shrubs. The view from "Oak-ridge" is very fine in every direction.

This sale should attract the attention of all real estate buyers. The chance to acquire so elegant a property is rare. Such an one may not soon be before the one are requested to call on the Executrix, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

Catharine A. Shuler,
Executrix.

A. P. Fleming, Auctioneer.

Feb. 11, 1870—ts

$8,000 WANTED!

PERSONS desiring to invest from $1,000 to $8,000 on perfectly safe Real Estate security, at 6 per cent. interest, free from all State and local taxation, will make immediate application to either of the undersigned.

M. McCLEAN,
Pres't Board of Trustees of Pa. College,
A. D. BUEHLER,
Pres't Board of Trustees of Gettysburg Female Seminary.

Feb. 11—tf


## Married.

Kunkle—McIntire.—On the 27th ult., by Rev. J. E. Honeycutt, Wm. F. Kunkle, of Tyrone township, to Nancy J. McIntire, of New Chester.

Kempfer—Miller.—On the 3d inst., by Rev. D. M. Blackwelder, Mr. Emanuel Kemper of New Chester, to Miss Margaret E. Miller, of York Springs.

McIlvain.—In Harrisburg, Penna., on the 21st ult., after a lingering illness, Miss Margaret McIlvain, in the 77th year of her age, formerly of Adams County, Pa.

Kumpfer—Kreb.—On the 3d inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. E. S. Johnston, Mr. Oliver Franklin Summers, of Quincy, Franklin county, to Miss Sarah Ann Helen Krise, of Adams county.

Smith—Bosseman.—On the 3d inst., by the Rev. A. H. Long, at the residence of T. H. Breneman, Mr. Joy, Pa., Elisha B. Smith to Leah Bosserman, both of Adams county.

Stambaugh—Stevens.—On the 3d inst., by Rev. D. M. Blackwelder, Mr. Andrew S. Stambaugh to Miss Lizzie Stevens, both of York Springs.

Walter—Kugler.—Near Fairfield on the 27th ult., by Rev. J. M. Titzel, Mr. Charles H. Walter to Miss Elizabeth A. Kugler, both of Adams county.

## Died.

Mickel.—On the 3d inst., Nancy Mickel, of Straban township, aged 68 years 8 months and 26 days.

Rath.—On the 3d inst., John A., son of Alexander and Susan Rath, of Butler township, aged 8 years 6 months and 28 days.


## New Advertisements

Receipts & Expenditures

OF ADAMS COUNTY FOR 1869.

Commissioners' Office, }
Adams County, Pa. }

AGREEABLY to an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to raise County Rates and Levies," requiring the Commissioners of the respective counties to publish a statement of the Receipts and Expenditures yearly, we, the Commissioners of Taxes of said county, do report as follows, to wit: from the 6th day of January A. D., 1869, to the 5th day of January, A. D., 1870—both days inclusive:

H. D. Wattles, Esq., Treasurer, and the Commissioners, in account with the county of Adams, as follows:

DR.

| | |
|---|---|
| To Outstanding County Taxes and Quit Rents in hands of Collectors | $14,705 65 |
| *County Rates and Levies assessed for 1869.* | |
| Bor. of Gettysburg | $1,873 21 |
| " Quit Rents | 175 04 |
| Cumberland twp. | 1,619 24 |
| Oxford " | 1,742 47 |
| Huntington " | 1,699 24 |
| Franklin " | 1,945 28 |
| Straban " | 1,879 75 |
| Menallen " | 1,843 20 |
| Hamiltonban " | 1,297 34 |
| Mountjoy " | 1,792 29 |
| Reading " | 1,472 44 |
| Latimore " | 1,490 10 |
| Butler " | 1,120 47 |
| Hamilton " | 1,435 29 |
| Union " | 1,766 68 |
| Mountjoy " | 1,570 66 |
| Germany " | 972 60 |
| Tyrone " | 1,603 72 |
| Liberty " | 960 80 |
| Berwick " | 608 41 |
| Freedom " | 577 29 |
| Conowago " | 1,316 17 |
| Highland " | 676 56 |
| Littlestown bor. | 894 52 |
| Berwick " | 349 58 |
| | $30,679 54 |
| State tax due county | 2,636 15 |
| Loans from Bank and sundry persons | 8,700 00 |
| Cash from John Hamilton, costs | 2 79 |
| Mrs. Bechtel, costs | 5 00 |
| J. R. Russell, dividend on water stock | 14 40 |
| W. D. Holtzworth, Esq., for coal used in office, in part | 20 00 |
| Jacob Melhorn, Esq., for coal used in office, 1869 | 20 00 |
| W. A. Duncan, Esq., Jury fees | 58 00 |
| P. Hann, Esq., Jury fees | 84 00 |
| Additional Tax | 110 47 |
| Balance due Treasurer by County | 4,259 62 |
| | $61,656 62 |

The outstanding County Tax and Quit Rents appear to be in the hands of the following Collectors, to wit:

*Wm. Collectors' Bor. & Twp's.* 1868.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wm Guinn, Gettysburg | $ 143 99 |
| " Quit Rents | 175 04 |
| Theo Pfitzer, Milk bor. | 28 85 |
| J. W. Lott, Cumberland | 155 48 |
| John Nitchuns, Reading | 411 51 |
| 1869. | |
| Jacob Remmell,* Gettysburg | 579 61 |
| " Quit Rents | 175 04 |
| J. Keefauver,* Cumberland | 664 03 |
| Henry Felix, Oxford | 1,103 38 |
| Absalom Asper,* Huntington | 737 69 |
| Robert McClean,* Franklin | 846 91 |
| Samuel Danner,* Straban | 742 50 |
| John M. Hutton,* Menallen | 1,167 59 |
| R. Watson,* Hamiltonban | 554 93 |
| Jacob Bushey, Mountjoynorth | 1,167 59 |
| Jacob Pottorff,* Strabau | 1,167 59 |
| Absalom Asper,* Huntington | 737 69 |
| Robert McClean,* Franklin | 846 91 |
| Joe. A. Smith,* Mountjoysouth | 968 98 |
| Jacob Miller,* Reading | 755 26 |
| Jacob F. Myers, Latimore | 818 47 |
| Henry Lupp,* Butler | 642 25 |
| Emanuel Miller, Hamilton | 825 68 |
| H. Weschwartz,* Mountjoy | 705 10 |
| Isaac Dagrot,* Germany | 593 18 |
| Jno. Raffensperger,* Tyrone | 595 14 |
| D. H. Reisman,* Liberty | 787 93 |
| Henry Bushey, Freedom | 243 41 |
| Solomon Schwartz,* Conowago | 520 74 |
| Martin Steffy,* Littlestown bor. | 317 12 |
| G. W. Lott, Highland | 124 63 |
| Wash. Metzgar, Berwick bor. | 55 13 |
| | $14,588 04 |

☞ Berwick and Union townships are in full before settlement. John Nitchman, J. W. Lott, Henry Fehr, Rush M. Bigham, G. W. Lott, and Wash. Metzger have paid in full since settlement. Those marked thus * have since paid in part.

CR.

| | |
|---|---|
| By orders paid out as follows: | |
| By auditing and settling public accounts | $48 00 |
| M. Bupp, Court House keeper | 35 00 |
| J. M. Waller, expenses to Harrisburg | 10 00 |
| J. C. Neely, Esq., auditing public offices | 25 00 |
| Jury Commissioners | 75 00 |
| J. M. Waller, clerk's pay in full to Nov. 1, 1869 | 500 00 |
| " " " " " " | 25 00 |
| J. C. Neely, Esq., Co. Supt. | 45 82 |
| J. H. Witt, Esq., Co. Supt. Institute of 1869 | 5 00 |
| D. Wills, Esq., Agricultural Society | 195 50 |
| Penn Company, 5% shares new stock | 100 00 |
| Notes and interest paid sundry persons | 80 00 |
| Treasurer of Alms House | 9,008 41 |
| Jacob Gallagher | 14,200 00 |
| Jacob Fuller | 250 00 |
| Taxes refunded to sundry persons | 14 09 |
| Peter Myers, Esq., inquest on body of T. J. Lashorn | 16 95 |
| Jacob Diehl, Esq., inquest on body of W. B. Young | 15 62 |
| C. H. Buehler, expressage | 2 50 |
| Leonard Heasley, putting away 18 tons of coal | 4 50 |
| J. M. Waller, swearing Assessors | 6 00 |
| D. A. Buehler, printing, premium cash and fees for insurance, &c., &c. | 225 80 |
| P. Hann, Sheriff, summoning Jurors | 122 40 |
| Dr. J. N. Cornell, Physician at Jail and medicine | 25 00 |
| Director of the Poor pay | 50 00 |
| Supplying prisoners at Eastern Penitentiary | 716 62 |
| District Attorney's fees | 779 00 |
| *Court Expenses* | |
| Grand Jury's per | $574 98 |
| General Jury and Tip Staff pay | 2,846 74 |
| Certificates of Constables' returns | 234 60 |
| Bills of Indictment | 169 18 |
| Orphans' Courts | 119 00 |
| Boarding Jury in Back case | 112 00 |
| | 5,047 00 |
| *Philip Hann, Sheriff.* | |
| Boarding prisoners and Turnkey's fees | 1,947 80 |
| Washing for prisoners | 193 94 |
| | 2,141 74 |
| *Bedding, Clothing, &c., for Jail.* | |
| Robert & Elliott, dry goods | 15 91 |
| J. Brinkerhoff, clothing | 39 00 |
| J. Wierman, clothing | 11 65 |
| Danner & Ziegler, hardware | 16 13 |
| D. H. Klingel, shoes and mending | 20 40 |
| | 103 11 |
| *Philip Hann, Sheriff.* | |
| Conveying prisoners to Eastern Penitentiary | $12 52 |
| Taking Isaac smith to House of Refuge | 33 87 |
| Bringing prisoner from Westminster Jail on requisition | 55 58 |
| | 101 97 |
| *Commissioners' Pay.* | |
| N. Wierman, Esq., pay and mileage | 402 40 |
| J. Lott, Esq., pay and mileage | 342 50 |
| M. Hartman, Esq., pay and mileage | 367 70 |
| | 1,112 40 |
| *Stationery and Postage.* | |
| D. A. Buehler, Esq., postage | 7 79 |
| J. A. Kitzmiller, Esq., " | 8 51 |
| J. L. Schick, stationery | 9 20 |
| A. D. Buehler, stationery | 47 50 |
| | 67 00 |
| *Advertising, Blanks, Books and Binding.* | |
| H. J. Stahle, advertising & blanks | 381 62 |
| Harper, McPherson & Buehler, advertising | 231 37 |
| " Lansteter, ruling and binding 105 Assessment Books | 37 40 |
| Murphy Sons, Philadelphia, Dockets for County Offices | 77 75 |
| Lewis Birnthal, re-binding books in County Office | 87 25 |
| | 815 36 |
| *Prothonotary and Clerk's Fees.* | |
| Jacob Melhorn, Esq., fees | 46 90 |
| A. W. Minter, Esq., fees | 158 73 |
| | 205 03 |
| *Elections.* | |
| Spring Election | $10 56 |
| Fall Election | 691 40 |
| Clerks to Return Judges | 10 00 |
| | 1,211 96 |
| *Road Damages.* | |
| Jesse Chronister | 65 00 |
| John C Miller | 45 00 |
| Samuel Hoffman | 40 50 |
| John Lupp | 30 00 |
| Jacob Diehl | 110 00 |
| Joseph Shrely | 10 00 |
| Samuel Cobean | 15 07 |
| Chris. Urndorf | 100 00 |
| John Harbold | 25 00 |
| Abraham Bitz | 10 00 |
| Wm. Dutters | 30 00 |
| Levi Schwartz | 50 00 |
| G. W. McClellan, for sixty-6 ft Gettysburg | 150 00 |
| Peter Culp | 75 00 |
| Wm. H. Steinour, " " | 10 00 |
| Geo. Strawmel, " " | 425 03 |
| Joseph Wible, " " | 100 00 |
| Israel Young, " " | 20 00 |
| C. J. Shrebart, " " | 125 00 |
| M. Longwell, opening street in Gettysburg | 368 06 |
| McMillan, Cobean & Co., " | 15 00 |
| | 1,839 00 |
| *Bridge and Bridge Repairs.* | |
| Samuel Stouffer, in full for new bridge | 1,000 00 |
| H. J. Myers, repairs at Flesstown bridge | 8 00 |
| J. M. Fitzsimrot, repairs at Conowago bridge | 20 75 |
| H. Kuhn, repairs at Brown's bridge | 4 40 |
| Jacob Spangler, repairs at Albaugh's Creek bridge | 4 00 |
| Jacob Kline, repairs at Rock Creek bridge | 3 00 |
| Joseph Smith, repairs at Stock's bridge | 77 85 |
| J. W. Hoofnagle, repairs at Marsh Creek bridge | 3 00 |
| John Kline, repairs at Berlin bridge | 4 93 |
| Newton Horner, repairs at Horner's bridge | 70 62 |
| Geo. Beal, repairs at Arendtsville bridge | 1 20 |
| Samuel Welcome, repairs Conowago bridge | 22 00 |
| D. Hartman, repairs at Arendtsville bridge | 40 32 |
| Henry Bikman, repairs at Centre Mills bridge | 1 20 |
| John Beyer, repairs at Conowago bridge | 1 25 |
| W. S. Hildebrand, repairs at Berlin bridge | 72 28 |
| John Elsenor, repairs at Rock Creek bridge | 5 53 |
| Lander J. Bowers, repairs at Swiss bridge | 16 00 |
| John Dull, repairs at Dallarsburgh | 2 03 |
| John A. Houck, repairs at Bushey's bridge | 3 00 |
| Geo. Smith, repairs at Monntster's bridge | 1 50 |
| N. Horner, repairs and materials for Rock Creek bridge | 81 91 |
| P. Culp, repairs at bridge and materials | 5 51 |
| S. Wolf, Esq., stone for Conowago bridge | 48 00 |
| F. Diehl, Esq., bridge viewers | 3 00 |
| | 1,009 15 |
| *Public Buildings.* | |
| Jacob Sheads, lumber for Jail | 5 94 |
| Diehl & Fahrbruch, wood for Jail | 62 50 |
| Daniel Schmuck, for Jail | 80 07 |
| Millard Dagnell, cleaning well at Jail | 6 00 |
| Wm. C. Stallsmith, repair at Court House | 2 50 |
| J. W. Fleming, cleaning Court House | 4 00 |
| D. A. Buehler, Esq., for Jail | 8 00 |
| R. D. Armor, work at Jail | 3 00 |
| Wm. Dock, furnace pipe for Jail | 6 94 |
| Adam Maulfroy, repairing roof at Jail | 1 50 |
| A. W. Fleming, cleaning Commissioners' office | 6 75 |
| Wm. H. Culp, blacksmithing &c., at Jail | 3 60 |
| J. W. Fleming, cleaning Court House | 4 50 |
| D. Bleshogh, repairs at Court House | 72 34 |
| A. Rupp, carpenter work at Jail | 3 50 |
| A. Rupp, carpenter work at Court House | 7 25 |
| Robert Fahrney, glazing and painting | 7 65 |
| | 1,839 00 |

CR.

| | |
|---|---|
| By outstanding Taxes for 1868 | $ 1,117 23 |
| " " 1869 | 13,470 81 |
| Fees for 1867 | 215 50 |
| " 1868 | 1,520 46 |
| " 1869 | 1,250 00 |
| Exonerations for 1868 | 60 79 |
| " 1869 | 316 18 |
| | 12 15 |
| Disbursements on county orders | 42,943 51 |
| Treasurer's Commission | 858 87 |
| Balance due Treasurer at last settlement | 1,156 14 |
| | $61,656 62 |

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the County of Adams, Pennsylvania, elected and sworn to the performance of law, do report that we met, did audit, settle and adjust, according to law, the accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said County, commencing on the 6th day of January, A. D., 

# The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, Feb. 12, 1870.

GET LEATHER BITS.—One of the cruelest things done to dumb beasts is putting from en iron bits into a horse's mouth. It is not only painful but a dangerous act. For every time living flesh touches a metal much below the freezing point, the latter extracts the heat from the former and freezes it. Thus a horse's mouth becomes frozen by the cold iron several times a day put into it; each time causing these freezings to go deeper and deeper, to end at last in extensive ulceration. With such a sore mouth the poor horse refuses to eat and pines away, which calls the horse-doctor in. They call it bots, glanders, horse all, &c., and go to cramming down poisonous drugs in big doses; and the next you know of the poor abused creature, he is trundled off to be food for fish or the crows. Many a valuable horse has been 'mysteriously' lost in just this way.

Thinking and humane people avoid this by first warming the bits; but this is much trouble, and sometimes impossible, as in night work like staging and physician's work. Now all this trouble and loss are entirely avoided, as we have found on trial, by getting the harness-makers to get leather bits for winter use, so made that no metal substance can touch the flesh. They are durable and cost only a half a dollar. We wouldn't exchange ours for a gold one, if it couldn't be replaced. Don't fail to try it.

GOOD MILK.—The following rules were unanimously adopted by the Illinois and Wisconsin Dairymen's Association, "to insure the delivery of pure, sweet milk."

1. That no milk is good which is made from filthy, stinking water, of sloughs and frogs pounds.

2. That no milk is good that comes from cows dogged, or driven in hot weather, from the pastures to the stables.

3. That no milk is good that comes from cows pounded or kicked and uncelly treated by brutal men.

4. Milk is not good that comes from diseased cows—cows that have sores filled with pus, or that have udders broken and running with corruption.

COMMON candles are adulterated extensively with extracts and substances injurious to the human system, and in some cases are really poisonous. Terra alba, or white earth, is mixed with the sugar in the manufacture of lozenges. The article irritates the coating of the stomach and bowels. It can be purchased for about a cent a pound. In the manufacture of gum drops, glue is used in lieu of gum arabic, the former costing but a few cents per pound, and the latter about forty cents. Verdigris, Tonka beans, Paris green, chrome yellow, Berlin blue, amiline, and sublimate of mercury are all used, each of which is either a deadly poison, or very injurious to the system. The common method of flavoring candies, in order to produce them economically, can be readily accounted for. Poisons are much more cheap than genuine extracts. Peach flavors in candied almonds and sugar plums are obtained from fusil oil, which is very poisonous. The bitter almond flavor is created from unadulterated prussic acid; pineapple is procured from very rotten cheese and nitric acid. Candies are made, purporting to be flavored with fruit from which no extracts can be obtained.

Two Irishman stopping at the Island House, Toledo, lit their gas, and, with windows open, sat down to enjoy a chat.—The hungriest of the Toledo mosquitoes soon flocked in and drove them desperate. The clerk, who was summoned to devise some defense against them, told them to close the window and put out the gas.—They acted on the suggestion and placed themselves between the sheets. Just as they began to dose, a lighting-bug, which had strayed into the room, caught the eye of one of the travelers. He roused his companion with a punch, "Jamie, Jamie, it's no use! Here's one of the craturs as rachin for us wid a lantern!"

### OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

COUNTY OFFICERS.

*President Judge*—Robert J. Fisher.
*Associate Judges*—Joseph J. Kuhn, Robert McCurdy
*Prothonotary*—Jacob Malhorn.
*Register and Recorder*—Samuel Swope.
*Clerk of the Courts*—H. G. Wolf.
*District Attorney*—Wm. A. Duncan.
*Treasurer*—H. S. Wattles.
*Sheriff*—Jacob Klunk.
*Coroner*—Dr. M. L. Gaius.
*Surveyor*—Jno D. Keller.
*Commissioners*—Jacob Lott. Moses Hartman. Emanuel Weidlen.
*Clerk*—J. Jefferson Myers. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician to Jail*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
*Directors of the Poor*—Martin Getz, Benjamin Deardorff, L. Swarts. *Steward*—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. A. Picking. *Treasurer*—Jacob Benner. *Counsel*—J. C. Neely. *Physician*—W. C. O'Neal.
*Auditors*—Martin Bollinger, Bill G. Heagy, David Rhodes.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

*Burgess*—C. H. Buehler.
*Council*—W. S. Hamilton, Alexander Spangler, Jacob W. Green, Robert Tate, A. M. Hunter, Wm. F. Baker.
*Clerk*—F. B. Duphorn. *Treasurer*—S. E. Russel.
*Constables*—George W. Walker, James Bonner.
*School Directors*—Wm. Guinn, W. T. King, Hiram Warren, Wm. R. Hyster, Jacob Aughinbaugh, A. M. Hunter. *Secretary*—A. M. Hunter. *Treasurer*—H. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

*President*—George Swope.
*Cashier*—J. Henry Bair.
*Teller*—Henry S. Benner.
*Directors*—George Swope, William Young, Henry Wirt, David Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Himes, Joshua Motter, John Waugh.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

*President*—George Throne.
*Cashier*—George Arnold.
*Teller*—Samuel Bushman.
*Directors*—George Throne, Robt. Ball, John Brough, John Horner, George Arnold, John Musselman, John Walters.

EVER GREEN CEMETERY.

*President*—J. L. Schick.
*Secretary*—William M. Weis.
*Treasurer*—Alexander Cobean.
*Managers*—John Bigg, J. L. Hill, Josiah Benner George Spangler, George Little, William B. Meals Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

*President*—George Swope.
*Vice President*—Samuel R. Russell.
*Secretary*—David A. Buehler.
*Treasurer*—Edward S. Fahnestock.
*Executive Committee*—Robert McCurdy, Henry A Picking, Jacob King.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

*President*—Samuel Herbst.
*Vice Presidents*—Ephraim Myers, J. S. Witherow.
*Corresponding Secretary*—Samuel A. Stahle.
*Recording Secretary*—Edward G. Fahnestock.
*Treasurer*—David Wills.
*Managers*—William B. Wilson, William Wible, Jonas Routzahn, Frederick Diehl, W. Rose Waltz.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

*President*—Edward G. Fahnestock.
*Vice President*—William A. Duncan.
*Secretary*—John F. McGreary.
*Treasurer*—John Culp.
*Managers*—J. W. O. O'Neal, John Rupp, A. J. Cover, D. Routzahurt, Wm. F. Atkinson.

GAS COMPANY

*President*—E. G. Fahnestock
*Secretary*—Wm A. Duncan.
*Treasurer*—Ned B. Danner.
*Managers*—A. D. Buehler, M. Richelberger, H. D Wattles, S. R. Russell, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner

WATER COMPANY.

*President*—George W. McClellan.
*Secretary and Treasurer*—Samuel R. Russell.
*Managers*—D. W. McClellan, S. R. Russell, H. J. Stahle, M. Richelberger.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

*Superintendent*—Robert McCurdy.
*Baggage and Freight Master*—David Wills.

Trains depart . . . . . First. Second.
" arrive . . . . . 12.30 P. M. 6.45 P. M.

The first train makes close connection for Harrisburg and Eastern and Western points, the second train with Baltimore.

ASSOCIATIONS.

*Gettys Lodge, No. 134, I. O. O. F.*—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
*Union Encampment, No. 136, I. O. O. F.*—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.
*Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 156, A. Y. M.*—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.
*Gen. Reynolds Lodge, No. 190, I. O. G. T.*—On Baltimore street, every Monday evening.
*Adams Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.*—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
*Post No. 9, G. A. R.*—North East corner of Diamond every Saturday evening.

CHURCHES.

*Lutheran (Christ's)*—Pastor, Rev. C. A. Hay, D. D.—Services by Professors of College and Seminary alternately, Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening. During vacations, Sunday morning and evening.
*Lutheran (St. James')*—Rev. R. Breidenbaugh. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
*Episcopal (Episcopal)*—Revs. H. C. Clinton, J. B. Bonnell. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.
*Presbyterian*—Rev. Wm. H. Hills. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Sunday evening.
*Reformed*—Rev. W. H. H. Seiffert. Services Sabbath morning and evening, & Wednesday evening.
*Catholic*—Rev. Joseph Bell. Services 1st, 2d and 4th Sabbaths in each month.
*Methodist Episcopal*—Rev. J. Jamison.—Service by special appointments.


## Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

JUST THE PLACE.

TO GET

CHEAP

Boots and Shoes!

I WILL SELL

MY ENTIRE STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT

COST!

CALL AND BE CONVINCED!

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS!

DON'T MISTAKE THE PLACE,

*ON BALTIMORE STREET,*

*Nearly opposite the COMPILER Office, Gettysburg.*

D. H. KLINGEL.

Jan. 21, 1870.—tf

WHERE? WHERE?

WHERE?

DID YOU BUY THAT

NICE NEW SUIT!

WHY, AT

S. WOLF'S

CLOTHING STORE,

*in the Diamond, Cor. of the Square,*

TOWN OF GETTYSBURG, COUNTY OF ADAMS, AND STATE OF PENN'A.

THAT'S THE PLACE,

the very place, for

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! BARGAINS!!!

in everything—Over Coats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Undershirts, White Shirts, Collars, Neck Ties, Gloves, Cravats, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Perfumery, Clothes Brushes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valises, Umbrellas, and ten thousand other articles, all too numerous to insert.

Call, examine, be convinced, buy, and be glad. Highest market prices paid for all kinds of FURS. Dec. 3, 1869.—tf

JOSEPH JACOBS,

*MERCHANT TAILOR,*

CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG.

THE undersigned, of the late firm of Geo. Jacobs & Bro., would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a Merchant Tailoring establishment in Chambersburg street, next door to the old place, and three doors east of the Keystone House, where he will be happy to wait on all who may patronize him. His stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c., &c.,

will be found choice and cheap—very desirable to select from. All kinds of Goods for sale—whether he manufactures or not.

GOODS MADE TO ORDER with dispatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. The very best work will be made—good fits and substantial sewing—and nothing will be deemed too much trouble to render satisfaction in every case.

The latest New York Fashions regularly received. Cutting done, as usual.

A share of public patronage is solicited, and no effort spared to deserve it.

April 15.—tf JOSEPH JACOBS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

*NEW ESTABLISHMENT.*

THE undersigned has erected a new building on L. A Boot and Shoe Establishment, on Carlisle st., near the Railroad Station in Gettysburg whereshe now offers for sale,

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., &c.,

of men, women and children, of different styles and prices. He has a fine assortment to select from and will sell every article at the smallest profits.

WORK MADE TO ORDER, of the best materials and workmanship. Every effort made to render satisfaction. The patronage of the public is solicited. Call in, and select from his stock—leave your measure. In either case you cannot fail to be pleased.

July 17, 1868.—ly JOHN M EELING

HAS ARRIVED AT

NORRIS'

HEAD-QUARTERS,

*On the S. E. Corner of Centre Square,*

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

the Largest and Best Stocks of

Fall & Winter Clothing,

THE LATEST STYLES OF

HATS AND CAPS,

THE BEST MANUFACTURED

BOOTS AND SHOES,

also a Large Variety of

Woolen Under-Clothing

with a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

And everything found in a Gentleman's

Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

Oct. 1, 1869.—tf

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes.

NEW FIRM!

*COBEAN & CUNNINGHAM*

HAVE just received from the City a new and large stock of

CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

NOTIONS, &c.

The goods have all been selected with great care and with a desire to meet the wants of the community. The public will find the goods to be of the best quality and the

LATEST STYLES.

One and all are invited to call at our Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Fahnestock Bros.

Oct. 22.—tf R. C. COBEAN, JAS CUNNINGHAM.

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

AT F. CUNNINGHAM'S,

*OPPOSITE STAR AND SENTINEL OFFICE,*

*GETTYSBURG, PA.*

You will always find the best qualities and latest styles of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

OF ALL STYLES AND SIZES. ALSO,

SHIRTS,

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas,

and a great and large variety of

NOTIONS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

TOBACCO and CIGARS,

all of which will be sold at short profit to suit customers to please. Give him a call at the store on Baltimore street, (Public Square and Stand) near the Diamond

Sept. 24, 1869.—tf

## Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER

GOODS

AT ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

TOBIAS R. COVER

HAVING opened a new store, in Arendtsville, has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, &c.

Having purchased my entire stock for cash, I am prepared to sell very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

May 28.—6m C. R. COVER.

1870. 1870.

H. B. WOODS,

Corner York street and Diamond,

GETTYSBURG,

Continues to sell

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

HATS,

CAPS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

CARPETS, &c.

at the lowest prices in town.

Jan. 7, 1870.—ly

NEW

Fall and Winter Goods.

AT PETERSBURG, Y. S., PA.

*GRIEST & BOBBERS*

HAVE received their NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS, an excellent assortment, selected with care and will be sold cheap for cash.

Give us a call and examine our Goods.

GRIEST & BOBBERS.

Oct. 29, 1869.—tf

Agents for the Grove & Baker Sewing machine

J. L. SCHICK

has the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS

that has been brought to Gettysburg this fall, which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

Oct. 5, 1869.—tf

$10,000 REWARD!

*STORE ENTERED!*

Robert & Elliott's Store,

IN GETTYSBURG,

WAS entered last Week and a large quantity of Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware and Carpeting taken.

The parties are well known, but have thus far escaped arrest, as they left Greenbacks in exchange for the Goods.

The persons who took the Goods are very well satisfied that they received more or better Goods for their money than they could have got at any other store.

Come one! Come all!

and examine our large assortment of

*SILKS,*
*GINGHAMS,*
*LAWNS,*
*BAREGES,*
*ALPACCAS, &c.,*
*CLOTHS,*
*CASSIMERES,*
*TWEEDS,*
*JEANS,*
*VESTINGS, &c.*

Also, Carpets, Notions, Glassware, Queensware, and indeed, a general assortment of everything belonging to a first-class Store.

REMEMBER the place is opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, and that our motto is, Fair Dealing and Small Profits.

[April 23, 1869.—1

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have just received a full supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS which their friends and the public are invited to examine.

FOR LADIES,

Our Stock consists of French Merinos, Delaines, Empress Cloth, Tamise, Epinglines, Cretons Cloth, Black and Colored Alpacas, Black and Fancy Silks, Braids and every variety of Dress Goods. Also, Hoop Skirts, Roman Ribbons, Neck Ties, &c., &c., &c.

CLOAKING,

Plain and Fancy, Repellant Cloths, &c.

SHAWLS,

Double and Single Blanket, Broche and Thibet.

FURS,

a large assortment and very cheap.

DOMESTICS,

at lowest rates.

FOR CHILDREN

We have a beautiful variety of Plain and Fancy Goods. Also, a full line of Children's Underskirts and Drawers.

FOR MEN'S WEAR,

a choice assortment of Cloths, Cassimers, Cassicetts Jeans, &c. Also, Shirt Bosoms, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Collars, &c., &c.

STERLING SPOOL COTTON,

equal if not better than any made.

CARPETS,

Ingrain, Venitian, Home-made and Oil

MATTING,

Cocoa and Straw.

HORSE AND LAP BLANKETS,

a full variety.

Also, our usual fine assortment of

HARDWARE,
SADDLERY,
QUEENSWARE.
EDARWARE,
GROCERIES,
PAINTS,
OILS,
WINDOW GLASS,

Give us a call and we can supply you with what you need at lowest rates.

Oct. 29, 1869.—tf FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

WANTED AGENTS,

to canvass for

PERKINS AND HOUSE'S NON-EXPLO

KEROSENE LAMP,

pronounced by more than 50 Professors in our Colleges,

Absolutely Safe

—saves 33 per cent. of oil—no bad odor—will not break or warp out, because metallic. Our agents make money, because it supplies a want as universal as light.

For full particulars address, with stamp,

BESS. F. BOWEN,
24 Floor, Mechanics' Bank,
Harrisburg, Pa.

Oct 15, 1869.—tf

## Groceries.

NEW GROCERY.

AMOS ECKERT,

*York st., opposite Chrismer's Bakery, Gettysburg, Penn'a.,*

INVITES the attention of the Public to an entirely new and choice

STOCK OF GROCERIES,

*consisting in part of*

SUGARS,
COFFEES,
MOLASSES,
TEAS,
SPICES,
DRIED FRUIT,
COAL OIL,
BUCKETS,
BASKETS,
BROOMS,
BRUSHES,
TOBACCOS,
SEGARS, &c.

Also, a general assortment of Notions.

Hoping to give satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call I solicit a share of the public patronage.

Sept. 17, 1869.—tf AMOS ECKERT.

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

*GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.*

A large lot of Groceries that I am selling Cheap for Cash.

CHOICE LIQUORS,

*Old Rye Whisky eight years Old.*

*Very Old French Brandy.*

ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS,

A general assortment of BITTERS, among which is Shiler's Herb Bitters.

Pure Liquors for Medical purposes at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

April 30, 1869

Table Cutlery, Glassware, Queensware, &c., at WM J. MARTIN'S.

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

*Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware.*

A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.—t.

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JACOB W. CRESS

HAVING opened a new grocery in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffees, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Beans, Shoulders, &c. Also

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, I am prepared to sell very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

GROCERY.

WM. E. MEALS HAS OPENED A

Grocery, Vegetable and Notion Store

at his residence adjoining Meals & Brother's Marble yard, in

EAST YORK STREET

where he is prepared to sell as cheap as the cheapest anything in his line. Give us a call.

March 19, 1869.—tf

## Fertilizers, &c.

FARMERS

TRY THE

Star Bone Phosphate.

TO all agriculturists, therefore, who are in search of an active and permanent manure, and who may have the claims of this article presented to their notice for the first time, the manufacturers would suggest, that the

STAR BONE PHOSPHATE

is worthy of their experimental trial—at least, past experience warranting the fullest confidence, that after a trial they will find their testimony to that of hundreds of farmers who now regard it as the cheapest and best manure in the market.

THE AMMONIA

is supplied abundantly from the organic portion of the bone.

PRICE $55 PER TON IN BAGS.

Farmers wishing Ground Bone, Oil of Vitriol, can be supplied. Give us a call.

A. Spangler has our Phosphate for sale.

PETER BOBLITZ, Manufacturer.
BURKHOLDER & WILSON,
Beaver Hay-Press Buildings,
N. W. corner Washington and Railroad sts.
Gettysburg, Penna.

The Phosphate is for sale by

A. SPANGLER, Gettysburg, Pa.
WILSON & OYLER, Gettysburg, Pa
GRAFF & ECKENRODE,
Granite Station, Pa.
MELHORN & BENDER,
New Oxford, Pa
CHARLES KUHN, Hanover, Pa.

March 12.—tf

BOWER'S

COMPLETE MANURE,

MANUFACTURED BY

HENRY BOWER, *Chemist,*

PHILADELPHIA

MADE FROM

*Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash*

WARRANTED FREE FROM ADULTERATION.

This Manure contains all the elements to produce large crops of all kinds, and is highly recommended by all who used it, also by published chemists who have, by analysis, tested its qualities.

*Packed in Bags of 200 lbs. each.*

DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.,

*Agents,*

39 South Water and 40 South Delaware Avenue,

PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM REYNOLDS,

79 SOUTH STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

And by dealers generally throughout the country. For information, address Henry Bower, Philadelphia

[Feb. 19.—1y

## Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

Hardware and Groceries.

The subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE and GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand on Baltimore street in part of

CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS,
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET-MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &

*GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,*

Oils, Paints, &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had in this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and the Groceries find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the city.

DAVID WILLS.
JOHN D. GARVER.

May 24, 1867.—tf

## Lines of Travel.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

FIRST TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 8 40, A. M and connects at Hanover Junction with trains going North, passengers reaching Baltimore at 2 20 P. M., Harrisburg at 12 30, P. M., Philadelphia at 4 10 P. M. Returning, arrive at Gettysburg, at 12 30 P. M., with passengers from Baltimore, Harrisburg, &c.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 2 45 P. M and connects at Hanover Junction with Mail Train South at 4 42 P. M., reaching Baltimore at 7 05 P. M. Returning arrives at Gettysburg at 6 30 P. M., with passengers from Baltimore, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c.

A Passenger Car is also attached to the Freight train. Cars leave Hanover Junction at 7 10 A. M reaching Gettysburg at 10.30. Passengers leaving Harrisburg on the 6.15 A. M. train can thus reach Gettysburg by 10.30 A. M. The freight train, with Passenger car attached, will leave Gettysburg at 2 P. M., reaching the Junction at 5.25.

A. McGURDY, Sup't

Nov. 20, 1869.

READING RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

*MONDAY, DEC. 27th,* 1869.

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest for Philadelphia, New York, reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: At 3.35, 8.10 A. M., 12.20 noon, and 3.00 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 12.40 noon, 3.40, 6.50 and 10.00 P. M., respectively. Sleeping Cars accompany the 3.35 A. M. and 12.20 noon Trains without change.

Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 noon and 5.00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Sleeping Cars accompany the 9.00 A. M. and 5.00 P. M. trains from New York without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Auburn, Ashland, Shamokin, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8.10 A. M., 2.05 and 4.10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way Stations; 4.10 P. M. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 2.40 P. M.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M., connecting with similar train on East Penna. Railroad, returning from Reading at 6.30 P. M., stopping at all Stations.

Leave Pottsville at 5.40 and 9.00 A. M., and 2.45 P. M., Auburn 5.50 and 9.20 A. M., Shamokin at 5.40 and 10.40 A. M., Ashland at 7.05 A. M., and 12.30 noon, Tamaqua at 8.35 A. M., and 2.20 P. M., for Philadelphia and New York.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 A. M., for Harrisburg and 11.20 A. M. for Pine Grove and Dauphin.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 6.30 A. M., connecting at 7.30 A. M., arriving at Philadelphia at 10.20 A. M. Returning, leave Philadelphia at 4.45 P. M., passing Reading at 7.40 P. M., arriving at Pottsville at 9.25 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6.30 A. M., arriving at Spring Mill, Conshohocken, Norristown and Germantown at 9.00 A. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.15 A. M., and 2.00 P. M., for Columbia, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Perkiomen Railroad Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 A. M., 3.00 and 5.30 P. M.; returning, leave Schwenksville at 8.05 A. M., 12.45 noon, and 4.15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Rail Road.

Colebrookdale Railroad Trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 A. M., and 4.20 P. M., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 7.00 and 11.25 A. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 8.00 A. M., 2.05 and 5.02 P. M., returning, leave Downingtown at 6.30 A. M., 12.45 noon and 5.15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays—leave New York at 5.00 and 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.00 A. M. and 3.15 P. M., (the 8.00 A. M. Train running only to Reading); leave Pottsville at 8.00 A. M., Harrisburg at 5.50 A. M. and 4.10 P. M., and Reading at 7.15 A. M. and 10.05 P. M. for Harrisburg, at 4.30 A. M. for New York, and 9.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, mileage Season, School and Excursion Tickets to and from all points at reduced rates. Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent

Reading, Pa Dec. 31, 1869.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

*WINTER SCHEDULE.*

On and after Nov. 15, 1869, trains will leave Hanover Junction as follows:

LEAVE NORTHWARD

10.35 a. m.—Daily for Williamsport, daily (except Sundays) for Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Erie and the West.

12.25 a. m.—Daily for Elmira, Buffalo, &c.

2.15 p. m.—Daily except Sundays, for Williamsport and Erie.

6.05 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for York.

10.00 p. m.—Daily except Sundays, for Harrisburg and the West.

LEAVE SOUTHWARD.

7.55 a. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

7.55 a. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at all Stations.

12.21 p. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

1.32 p. m.—Daily (except Sunday) stopping at Parkton only.

4.42 p. m.—Daily except Sundays, stopping at the Stations.

EDW. S. YOUNG, Gen Pass. Agent,
Baltimore, Md.

ALFRED E. FISKE, Gen Superintendent,
Nov. 20, 1869.—tf Harrisburg, Penn'a.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Double track route running between Philadelphia and Pittsburg. Trains leaving Gettysburg make the following connections with this Trunk Line:

Gettysburg . . . . . leave at 8.15 a. m. & 12.40 p. m.
Lemoyne Junction . . . arrive 10.05 " 2.05 "
" . . . . . leave 10.58 " 2.35 "
Harrisburg . . . . . arrive 12.55 p. m. 11.45 "
" . . . . . leave 3.50 " 2.20 a. m.
Philadelphia . . . . . arrive 9.40 " 6.50 "
Harrisburg . . . . . leave 1.15 " 12.10 "
Pittsburg . . . . . arrive 1.35 a. m. 9.10 "

At Philadelphia close connections are made with the trains for New York, Boston and all Eastern Cities. At Pittsburg connections are made in the New Union Depot with the trains for all Western points.

For further information apply to

EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
Gen Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

HENRY W. GWINNER, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent Philadelphia. [May 14, 1868.—1

## Farming Implements, &c.

THE WORLD,

DODGES' OHIO AND BUCKEYE

Reapers and Mowers.

A careful examination of these machines will convince any one of their superior merits over all others, for strength, durability, ease of draft, and reliability for work, on all kinds of ground, and in every variety of grass and grain. Confident of this we invite those in want of a good machine to examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

These machines can be sold as Naked Mowers—REAPERS and Hand Rake, Self-Rake, or Droper—Two different sizes: No. 1 Machine, with two cutter bars and three Knives, cutting 5 feet and a half feet for grain and four feet eight inches in grass; No. 2, cutting four feet six inches.

We have the confidence in these machines that we are willing to let those wanting a machine test them with any other they may wish, and keep the one that gives most satisfaction. DODGES' AUTOMAN SELF-RAKE has given such general satisfaction that we consider it the best Self-Rake out, and is attached to no other machine except the Dodge Machine, the Ohio and Buckeye patent.

For the benefit of those wanting machines we would refer them to a few of those to whom we have sold the last season, viz:

John Deardorff, Sen., Henry Culp,
Ephraim Lady, Henry King,
George Lady, Elisha Peprose,
Jonathan Wisler, David Stewart
James Mickley, W. Rose White,
Daniel Settle, J. J. Kerr,
John Bender, Andrew Weikert,
John Eckert, Wm. Bigham,
Wm. Fant, John Guinn,
Cornelius Lott, John N. Hoffman,
Wm. Guilden, John N. Boyer,
Wm. Ross.

Also, WIRE TOOTH HAY RAKES, including the celebrated Brandt Rake, and Self-discharging Rakes. Also, PLOUGHS, FANNING MILLS, AND FARM IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY.

Persons wishing to examine machines will find them at the Warehouse of JOSEPH WIBLE & SONS, Gettysburg Pa., or at the residence of the subscriber, 2 miles from Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road. Persons wanting Circulars will address the subscriber, Gettysburg, Pa.

April 23.—t WM. WIBLE, Agent.

STILL AHEAD!

HOFFHEINS'

REAPER & MOWER,

*One of the Greatest Machines of the Age,*

IS superior to any other Machine now in use, as it will excel any that will ever be introduced, having been thoroughly tried and given general satisfaction. I would now inform all those who intend purchasing Machines to call and examine for themselves. This Machine is noted particularly to excel all other machines in strength, durability, ease of draft, and reliability of work, in all kinds of grass and grain.—It cuts to feet grass all kinds of grass and grain.—It cuts to feet grass all kinds of grass and grain.—It cuts to feet grass